OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

doing business under the name and style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.** doing business under the name and style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL will be held at the Novadeci Convention Center, 123 General Luis St., Brgy. Nagkaisang Nayon, Novaliches, Quezon City on May 13, 2024, at 8:00 A.M.

The following shall be the Agenda of the Meeting:

- 1. National Anthem
- 2. Call to Order
- 3. Proof of Notice of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Establishment of Quorum
- 4. Approval of the Minutes of May 15, 2023, Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- 5. President's Annual Report
- 6. Financial Reports
- 7. Ratification of all acts, resolutions and proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management since 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- 8. Election of Directors
- 9. Election of External Auditor
- 10. Other Business
- 11. Adjournment

The Board of Directors have fixed the close of business on April 23, 2024, as the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to notice of, to attend and vote at the said Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Stockholders who will not be able to attend the meeting may designate their respective proxies and send the proxy forms to the Office of the Corporate Secretary not later than May 9, 2024.

Registration starts at 7:00 A.M. on the scheduled meeting. For your convenience in registering your attendance, please present any form of identification such as your PRC I.D., Passport, or Driver's License.

COVER SHEET

SEC Registration Number C 7 3 9 S 2 0 1 8 1 **Company Name** 0 P T I M U M Q U A L I T Y H E A L T H E N T U R E S N d b 0 n g S n e S n d e t h e n a m e a n d S t e 0 f M R N D 0 \mathbf{C} T 0 R S H 0 S P I T Principal Office (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province) \mathbf{C} 2 1 M \mathbf{R} 0 D В G Y 1 7 R A A R C \mathbf{C} \mathbf{C} 2 M R N A 0 0 N I T 1 4 Form Type Department requiring the report Secondary License Type, If Applicable 20 IS M S R D **DEFINITIVE INFORMATION STATEMENT** Company's Email Address Company's Telephone Number/s Mobile Number info@camarindoctorshospital.ph (02)8260-5952/ (63)9177134206 ______ No. of Stockholders Annual Meeting Fiscal Year Month/Day Month/Day 701 2nd SUNDAY OF MAY December 31 **CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION** The designated contact person **MUST** be an Officer of the Corporation Name of Contact Person **Email Address** Telephone Number/s Mobile Number Ricardo O. Javison 02-82605952 Contact Person's Address

Note: 1.) In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

1 Camarin Road, Barangay 172, Camarin ,Caloocan City, 1421

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

- 1. Check the appropriate box:
 - [] Preliminary Information Statement
 - [X] Definitive Information Statement
- 2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter:

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

Doing business under the name and style CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL

3. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization:

NCR, PHILIPPINES

- 4. SEC Identification Number: **CS 201738919**
- 5. BIR Tax Identification Code: **009-895-673-000**
- 6. Address of Principal Office:

1 Camarin Road, Barangay 172, Camarin, Caloocan City, 1421

7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

(02) 8260-5952/ (63) 9177023682

8. Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders

Date: May 13, 2024 (Monday)

Time: 8:00 A.M.

Place: Novadeci Convention Center

123 Gen. Luis St. Brgy. Nagkaisang Nayon, Novaliches, Q.C.

- 9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: April 28, 2024
- 10. In case of Proxy Solicitations:

Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor: N/A

Address and Telephone No.: N/A

11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Subscribed/Issued and Outstanding ¹
Preferred Shares	1,116,000 Shares
Common Shares A	930,000 Shares
Common Shares C	53,700 Shares

12.	Are any or all of registrant's securities listed in a Stock Exchange?
	Yes No <u>X</u>
	If yes, disclose the name of such Stock Exchange and the class of securities listed therein:

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN INFORMATION STATEMENT

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, time and place of meeting of security holders.

Date: May 13, 2024 (Monday)

Time: 8:00 A.M.

Place: Novadeci Convention Center

123 Gen. Luis St. Barangay Nagkaisang Nayon, Novaliches, Q.C.

Complete mailing address of principal office:

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc.

1 Camarin Road, Barangay 172, Camarin, Caloocan City 1421

The Information Statement and the proxy form are first to be sent to security holders on or before April 28, 2024.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE NOT REQUESTED TO SEND A PROXY.

Item 2. <u>Dissenters' Right of Appraisal</u>

When the Right of Appraisal May Be Exercised. - Any stockholder of a corporation shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of the shares in the following instances:

- 1. In case an amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence.
- 2. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets.
- 3. In case of merger or consolidation; and
- 4. In case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the corporation.

There are no matters or proposed corporate actions included in the Agenda of the Meeting which may give rise to a possible exercise by security holders of their appraisal rights as provided under Title X of the Corporation Code.

However, in the instances where the appraisal right may be exercised, any stockholder voting against the proposed corporate action should make a written demand for payment of the fair value of his shares within thirty (30) days after the date of meeting on which the vote was taken. Failure to make the demand within such a period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right.

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to the Matters to be Acted Upon

The directors and executive officers do not have any substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any matter to be acted upon in the stockholders' meeting, other than election to office.

The registrant has not received any written information from anyone that intends to oppose any action to be taken by the registrant at the meeting.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4. Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

a. As of December 31, 2023, the Company's outstanding numbers of shares are as follows:

Common Shares	No. of Shares <u>Outstanding</u>	No. of Votes to <u>which entitled</u>
Preferred	1,116,000	0
Common A	930,000	930,000
Common C	53,700	53,700
Total	2,099,700	983,700

b. Record date for which are entitled to vote.

All stockholders of record as of April 23, 2024, shall be entitled to vote at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. Notice to stockholders shall be sent out thru courier on or before April 28, 2024.

c. Election of Directors

All stockholders as of record date are entitled to cumulative voting right with respect to the election of directors.

Cumulative voting allows shareholders to concentrate their votes on fewer candidates than the total number of directors to be elected. Shareholders can allocate their votes to a single candidate or distribute them among the multiple candidates as they see fit.

Each stockholder is entitled to one vote for each share of stock standing in his name on the books of the corporation, proportional to the number of shares they hold; provided, however, that in the election of Directors, each stockholder is entitled to cumulate his votes in the manner provided by law. Each stockholder is entitled to vote by proxy at the stockholders' meeting provided the proxy has been appointed in writing by the stockholder himself or by his duly authorized attorney. The instrument appointing the proxy shall be exhibited to and lodged with the Secretary at the time of the meeting.

d. Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners of more than 5%

There are no owners of records of more than 5% of the voting securities as of December 31, 2023.

e. Security Ownership of Management and Directors

The following are the number of shares of which Company's stock owned of record by the Chairman, Directors and Officers, and nominees for election as director, as of December 31, 2023.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount of Beneficial Ownership (Php)	Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Type of Shares	Number of Shares	Percent
Ricardo		D: .	Dili i	Preferred	36,000	2.4.4207
Oro Javison	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Larry				Preferred	36,000	
De Guzman Lianko	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Jonathan				Preferred	36,000	
Lacia Latonio	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Maritoni	1.060.000	5.	701	Preferred	36,000	0.4.4007
Caurel Abbariao	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Mario			_	Preferred	36,000	
Matias Domingo	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Monet Estelita	4.060.000	D: .	Dili i	Preferred	36,000	2.4.4207
Encarnacion Dulay	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Willie			_	Preferred	36,000	
Lim Go	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Bryan				Preferred	36,000	
Macapagal Haberia	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Djhoana Jet	1.060.000	D : .	Filining	Preferred	36,000	2 1 4 2 0 /
Esteban Siao	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%

Carl Ryan	1.060.000	D:t	Pilinin -	Preferred	36,000	2.1.420/
Marino Duque Taguba	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Visitacion Vicente	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Preferred	36,000	3.143%
Toy	1,000,000	Direct	rinpino	Common A	30,000	3.14370
Leah Jeanette	4.060.000	Б	D:1: :	Preferred	36,000	2.4.4207
Castillo Bayan	1,860,000	Direct	Filipino	Common A	30,000	3.143%
Athena Richards David	50,000	Direct	Filipino	Common C	100	0.0047%
Marygrace Tamayo Garcia	50,000	Direct	Filipino	Common C	100	0.0047%
Christopher Zamora Nitafan	50,000	Direct	Filipino	Common C	100	0.0047%
Leilanie Manangan Sacdal	50,000	Direct	Filipino	Common C	100	0.0047%

The aggregate number of shares owned of record by all or key officers and directors as a group as of December 31, 2023, is 792,400 shares or approximately 37.7387% of the Company's outstanding capital stock.

f. Voting Trust Holders of 5% or More

There are no voting trust holders / arrangements holding 5% or more of the Company's outstanding shares.

g. Change in Control of the Registrant since beginning of last Fiscal Year

There are no changes in control or arrangement that may result in change in control of the Company since the beginning of its last fiscal year.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

a. Final list of Nominees for Election

Name	Office / Position	Citizenship	Age
Ricardo Javison	Director / President	Filipino	51
Larry Lianko	Chairman	Filipino	53
Jonathan Latonio	Director / Treasurer	Filipino	59
Maritoni Abbariao	Director	Filipino	53
Mario Domingo	Director	Filipino	45
Monet Estelita Dulay	Dulay Director		47

Willie Go	Director	Filipino	65
Bryan Haberia	Director	Filipino	50
Djhoana Jet Siao	Director	Filipino	51
Carl Ryan Marino Taguba	Director	Filipino	46
Visitacion Toy	Director	Filipino	60
Athena David	Independent Director	Filipino	26
Marygrace Garcia	Independent Director	Filipino	44
Christopher Nitafan	Independent Director	Filipino	50
Leilanie Sacdal	Independent Director	Filipino	46
Leah Jeanette Bayan	Corporate Secretary	Filipino	50

Directors and Executive Officers / Nominees

Dr. Ricardo, O. Javison, Filipino, 51, was first elected to the Board and appointed as the President and CEO of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. on November 2017. He is an esteemed Cardiologist in several hospitals including MCU Hospital, Philippine Heart Center, Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center, Metro Antipolo Hospital and Medical Center, and Skyline Hospital and Medical Center. He finished his master's degree in business administration at Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance. He is a founder and Director of Metro Antipolo Hospital and Medical Center. A founder of ACE Hospital and Medical Center in San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan. He is also the Chairman of the Department of Internal Medicine Metro Antipolo Hospital and Medical Center. Former head of Cardiology Section of Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center, former Chief of Medical Professionals of Skyline Hospital and Medical Center.

Dr. Javison received his medical degree from the MCU-FDTMF College of Medicine and did his residency training in Internal Medicine at MCU Hospital. He had his fellowship training in Cardiology at the Philippine Heart Center.

Dr. Larry G. Lianko, Filipino, 53, was first elected as Director and appointed as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. on November 2017. He has a depth of experience in hospital management and one of the pillars of Camarin Doctors Hospital. He has a degree of Master of Business Administration in Health from Ateneo Graduate School of Business. He is also a founder at Metro Antipolo Hospital and Medical Center. He is the former Medical Director of Skyline Hospital and Medical Center and an active consultant in the department of Anesthesiology. He is currently the Assistant Hospital Administrator for Human Resources of Metro Antipolo Hospital and Medical Center.

Dr. Lianko received his medical degree from the MCU-FDTMF College of Medicine and had his residency training in Anesthesiology at East Avenue Medical Center.

Dr. Jonathan L. Latonio, Filipino, 59, was elected as Director and appointed as the Corporate Treasurer of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. He is a leading pulmonologist at Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center, Manila East Medical Center, and Pacific Global Medical Center. He has a master's degree in business administration from the Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance.

Dr. Latonio finished his medical degree from Bicol Christian College of Medicine and had his residency training in Internal Medicine at the Quezon City General Hospital. He further pursued his fellowship training in Pulmonary Medicine at Quezon Institute.

Dr. Maritoni C. Abbariao, Filipino, 53, was elected to the Board of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. on July 25, 2021. She is a training officer in the department of Internal Medicine of Dr. Jose N. Rodriguez Memorial Hospital in North Caloocan City. A common stockholder of Grace Medical Center, Skyline Hospital and Medical Center, and Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center. She is a practicing Adult Neurologist and the head coordinator of Neurobehavioral sciences department of Camarin Doctors Hospital. She is also a member of the several hospital committee including Marketing, Human Resources, Grievance & Complaints, and Infection & Prevention Control committee.

Dr. Mario M. Domingo, Filipino, 45, is a board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. He is a training officer in the department of Internal Medicine of Dr. Jose N. Rodriguez Memorial Hospital and a part-time professor at FEUNRMF College of Medicine. He is the head coordinator of the Diabetes Center of Camarin Doctors Hospital. He is a practicing Internist with subspecialty in Diabetology.

Dr. Monet Estelita E. Dulay, Filipino, 47, is a practicing Family Medicine and Primary Care Physician. She is one of the board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. She is the former hospital administrator of Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center. She is currently the administrative officer of Diliman Doctors Hospital. She holds a master's degree in hospital administration. She is a member of the Emergency and Disaster Preparedness committee of Camarin Doctors Hospital, and head coordinator of the Family and Community Medicine Department.

Dr. Willie L. Go, Filipino, 65, was first elected as board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. on November 2017. He currently holds the position of Hospital Administrator of Camarin Doctors Hospital. He is a practicing and active anesthesiologist in several hospitals in Metro Manila. He has a master's degree in business administration from the Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance.

Dr. Bryan M. Haberia, Filipino, 50, is a board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. He is the head of the construction committee of Camarin Doctors Hospital. He is also a practicing anesthesiologist in several hospitals in Quezon City and Caloocan City. He is part of several committees of the hospital including

Contract Review, Canvass & Pricing, Marketing, and Health & Waste Management Committee. He is also the head coordinator of the General Services Department – Engineering & Maintenance Department.

Dr. Djhoana Jet E. Siao, Filipino, 51, is the current Chairman of the Department of Surgery of Quezon City General Hospital. She has a master's degree in business administration from Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance. She is a member of the board of directors of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. She is a practicing general surgeon in Quezon City, Caloocan City, and Bulacan. She is the head of the accounting department of Camarin Doctors Hospital and the assistant head of the purchasing department. She is a member of several hospital committees including Credentialing & Privileging, Human Resources, Business & Finance, and Marketing.

Dr. Carl Ryan Marino D. Taguba, Filipino, 46, was first elected as a board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. on November 2017. A founder of ACE Hospital and Medical Center in San Jose Del Monte Bulacan. A stockholder in several hospital in Metro Manila. He has a master's degree in business administration from Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance. He is a practicing Orthopedic Surgeon and currently head the department of surgery of Camarin Doctors Hospital. He is also the head coordinator of the Security department and assistant head coordinator of property and inventory department. He is part of several hospital committees including Contract Review, ORMAT, Pharmaceutical & Therapeutics, Anti-Microbial Stewardship, and Credentialing & Privileging Committee.

Dr. Visitacion V. Toy, Filipino, 60, is a board of director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since November 2017. She is the current Medical Director of Camarin Doctors Hospital. She is one of the premiere Obstetrician-Gynecologist in Commonwealth Hospital & Medical Center, FEU-NRMF Medical Center, Delgado Hospital, Diliman Doctors Hospital, and The Medical City. She is the former chair of the department of OB-Gyne at Commonwealth Hospital & Medical Center. She is one of the founding officers of the Philippine Society of Cosmetic and Aesthetic Gynecology. She finished her master's degree in business administration at Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance.

Independent Directors

Ms. Athena R. David, Filipino, 26, was elected as an independent director on July 25, 2021. She is a registered medical technologist and worked in Phoenician Diagnostic Medical Clinic from April 2022- June 2022. She a member of the Audit Committee and Corporate Governance Committee.

Dr. Marygrace T. Garcia, Filipino, 46, was elected as an independent director on July 25, 2021. She is a hypertension specialist, an active consultant in the Department of Internal Medicine in Camarin Doctors Hospital, Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center Skyline Hospital and Medical Center and Grace General Hospital. She finished her master's degree in management major in hospital management at Philippine Christian University. She is a member of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Dr. Christopher Z. Nitafan, Filipino, 50, is an independent director since July 25, 2021. He is an adult medical specialist in Camarin Doctors Hospital, Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center, Grace Medical Center, Kairos Maternity and General Hospital and North Caloocan Doctors Hospital. Dr. Nitafan has a degree in Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy from the University of Sto. Tomas and finished his medical degree in Fatima College of Medicine. He is the current Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee and member of the Audit Committee.

Dr. Leilanie M. Sacdal, Filipino, 46, is an independent director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since July 25, 2021. She is an internist specialist, chief junior consultant in the Department of Medicine in Commonwealth Hospital and Medical Center from 2012 up to present. She is also a visiting consultant in Pacific Global Medical Center. Dr. Sacdal has a degree of Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy from the Manila Central University and finishes her medical degree from MCU-FDTMF College of Medicine. She is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Corporate Governance Committee.

Corporate Secretary

Dr. Leah Jeanette C. Bayan, Filipino, 50, was appointed Corporate Secretary of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. since July 25, 2021. She is a practicing Internal Medicine specialist with subspecialty in Diabetology. She is currently the head of the Human Resources Development Department of Camarin Doctors Hospital. She is also a member of several hospital committee including Business & Finance, Grievance & Complaints, and Continuing Quality Improvement Committee. Dr. Bayan has a degree of Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology from the University of Sto. Tomas and a medical degree from the MCU-FDTMF College of Medicine. Dr. Bayan also finished her master's degree in business administration at Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance.

Compliance Officer

Dr. Catherine P. Cabalic, Filipino, 53, has been the Compliance Officer of the Company since July 25, 2021. She is a practicing Pediatrician in several hospital including Camarin Doctors Hospital, Commonwealth Hospital & Medical Center, Skyline Hospital & Medical Center, Providence Hospital, FEU-NRMF Medical Center, and Bernardino General

Hospital. She is a Fellow member of the Philippine Pediatric Society. Dr. Cabalic earned her degree in Bachelor of Science in Medical Technology from the Far Eastern University and medical degree from Far Eastern University Nicanor Reyes Memorial Foundation. She also finished her master's degree in business administration at Far Eastern University Institute of Accounts, Business & Finance.

The members of the Board of Directors are elected at the annual stockholders' meeting to hold office until the next annual meeting and until their respective successors have been elected and qualified. The Company's Corporate Governance Committee evaluated and reviewed each nominee-director's qualification and unanimously resolved that said nominees are qualified for election / re-election.

b. Independent Directors

The independent directors of the Company are as follows:

- 1) Ms. Athena R. David
- 2) Dr. Marygrace T. Garcia
- 3) Dr. Christopher Z. Nitafan
- 4) Dr. Leilanie M. Sacdal

The Company's Corporate Governance Committee evaluated and reviewed each nominee-director's qualification based on the guidelines spelled out in the SRC Rule 38 (as amended) and unanimously resolved that said nominees are qualified for election / reelection.

c. Executive Officers

POSITION	NAME	AGE	CITIZENSHIP
President & CEO	Ricardo O. Javison	51	Filipino
Chairman	Larry G. Lianko	53	Filipino
Corporate Treasurer	Jonathan L. Latonio	59	Filipino
Corporate Secretary	Leah Jeanette C. Bayan	50	Filipino
Compliance Officer	Catherine P. Cabalic	53	Filipino

BOARD COMMITTEE

Audit Committee

Chairman	Leilanie M.Sacdal	Independent Director
Member	Athena R. David	Independent Director
Member	Christopher Z. Nitafan	Independent Director

Member	Mario M. Domingo	Director	
Member	Visitacion V. Toy	Director	

Corporate Governance Committee

Chairman	Christopher Z. Nitafan	Independent Director
Member	Marygrace T. Garcia	Independent Director
Member	Leilanie M. Sacdal	Independent Director
Member	Bryan M. Haberia	Director
Member	Djhoana Jet E. Siao	Director

Term of Office

Executive Officers are appointed / elected annually during the annual stockholders meeting, each to hold office for a period of one (1) year until the next succeeding annual meeting and until their respective successors have been elected and qualified.

d. Significant Employee

The Company has no employee who is not an executive officer but who is expected to make a significant contribution to the business.

e. Family Relationship

There are no family relationships up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity among the Company's directors, executive officers or persons nominated or chosen by the Company to become its directors or executive officers.

f. Certain Relationship and Related Transactions

There were no transactions with directors and executive officers or any principal stockholders that are not in the Company's ordinary course of business.

g. Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

The above-named executive officers and directors have not been involved in any material legal proceedings during the past five (5) years up to this writing, that will affect their ability as directors and officers of the Company.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

Name and	2022		2023			2024 (estimated)	
Principal Position	Salary	Salary	Other Annual Compensation	Total Annual Compensation	Salary	Other Annual Compensation	Total Annual Compensation
Ricardo O. Javison, MD President (2017- present)	nil	600,000.00	981,640.76	1,581,640.76	600,000.00	1,161,760.24	1,761,760.24
Larry G. Lianko, MD Chairman (2017- present)	nil	600,000.00	1,085,562.20	1,685,562.20	600,000.00	1,081,760.28	1,681,760.28
Jonathan L. Latonio, MD Corporate Treasurer (2017- present)	nil	540,000.00	688,023.82	1,228,023.82	540,000.00	1,058,712.60	1,598,712.60
Leah Jeanette C. Bayan, MD Corporate Secretary (2021- present)	nil	480,000.00	431,572.90	911,572.90	480,000.00	450,688.32	930,688.32
All other officers and directors as a group (unnamed)	nil	3,685,000.00	4,721,860.57	8,406,860.57	3,805,000.00	5,204,848.48	9,009,848.48
Total	nil	5,905,000.00	7,908,660.25	13,813,660.25	6,025,000.00	8,957,769.92	14,982,769.92

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

The Company has approved the engagement of R.S. Bernaldo & Associates (RSBA) as external auditors of the Company for fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, and will submit such engagement to its stockholders for ratification. RSBA was also the external auditor of the Company since fiscal year 2017.

The audit partner-in-charge, Mr. Marvin G. Garcia, was appointed in 2022. In accordance with SRC Rule 68, there is no need to change the audit partner of the Company.

The representatives of the RSBA are expected to be present at the stockholders' meeting and to be available to respond to appropriate questions. They will have the opportunity to make a statement if they so desire to do so.

<u>Changes in and disagreements with accountants on accounting and financial</u> disclosure

There were no changes in and disagreements with accountants on accounting and financial disclosure.

Audit-Related Fees

I. Audit Fees and Other-related Fees

The Company engaged R.S. Bernaldo & Associates (RSBA) of audit its annual financial statements and perform related reviews. The following fees, exclusive of VAT were incurred:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Annual Audit	Php 200,000.00	Php 130,000.00
Out-of-Pocket Expenses	30,000.00	19,500.00
Total	Php 230,000.00	Php 149,500.00

II. Tax Fees

There were no tax fees paid to external auditors other than for annual audit services.

Management presents proposals on possible external auditors to be engaged together with their respective proposed audit fees to the Audit Committee for proper consideration. The Audit Committee evaluates and thereafter, upon its recommendation, the appointment of the external auditor is presented to the Board of Directors and / or stockholders for confirmation. However, financial statements duly approved by the Audit Committee are still subject to confirmation of the Board of Directors prior to submission to the respective government regulatory agencies.

Item 8. Compensation Plans

There are no actions to be taken up in the meeting with respect to any compensation plan.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. Authorization or issuance of Securities Other than for Exchange

There are no matters or actions to be acted upon in the meeting with respect to the authorization or issuance of securities other than for exchange.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities

There are no matters or actions to be acted upon in the meeting with respect to the modification or exchange of securities.

Item 11. Financial and Other Information

The Audited Financial Statement of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is attached hereto as Annexes.

Item 12. Mergers, Consolidations, Acquisitions and Similar Matters

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting with respect to merger, consolidation, acquisition, and similar matters.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting with respect to acquisition or disposition of any property.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

There are no matters or actions to be taken up in the meeting relating to restatement of accounts.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports

Financial Statement and Management Report – Management shall report on the significant business transactions undertaken by Management and the financial targets and achievements for the year 2023. Attached as Annexes is the Audited Financial Statement of the Company which is also reflected in the Annual Report to Stockholders.

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be Submitted

There are no actions to be taken with respect to any matter which is not required to be submitted to a vote of the security holders.

Item 17. Amendment of Charter, Bylaws or Other Documents

There are no actions to be taken up in the meeting with respect to any amendment of the Company's charter, by-laws, or other documents.

Item 18. Other Proposed Actions

a) Approval of Minutes of the Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting – Minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held last May 15, 2023, will be submitted for approval

of the shareholder. Among the matters included in the Minutes of the May 15, 2023, meeting are the following:

- 1. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- 2. President's Annual Report
- 3. Treasurer's Financial Report
- 4. Chairman's Report
- 5. Election of Board of Directors, including the four (4) Independent Directors
- 6. Appointment of External Auditor

Copies of the same will be made available at the annual stockholders' meeting on May 13, 2024, for any stockholder desiring to review the same.

The Board of Directors recommends that the stockholders Approve the minutes of the last annual stockholders' meeting held on May 15, 2023.

b) Ratification of All Acts, Resolutions and Proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management since 2023 Annual Meeting.

Copies of the Minutes of the Meetings may be examined by all stockholders on record as of Record Date at the office of the Corporate Secretary.

The Board of Directors recommend that the stockholders Approve, Confirm, and Ratify all acts, resolutions and proceedings of the Board of Directors and Management since the last annual stockholders' meeting to the present.

c) Election of Directors – The Regular and Independent members of the Board of Directors are elected at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting to hold office until the next stockholders' meeting and until their respective successors have been elected and qualified.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

In the election of directors, the eleven (11) nominees for regular directors and four (4) nominees for independent directors with the greatest number of votes will be elected directors.

Except in cases where a higher vote is required under the Corporation Code, the approval of any corporate action shall require the majority vote of all stockholders present and proxy in the meeting, if constituting a quorum.

Except in cases where voting by ballot is applicable, voting and counting shall be by viva voce. If by ballot, the counting shall be supervised by the Corporate Secretary and independent auditors of the Company.

UNDERTAKING

THE COMPANY UNDERTAKES TO PROVIDE WITHOUT CHARGE TO EACH PERSON SOLICITED, UPON WRITTEN REQUEST, A COPY OF THE COMPANY'S ANNUAL REPORT ON SEC FORM 17-A. REQUEST SHOULD BE SENT TO: OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. OFFICE OF THE CORPORATE SECRETARY AT 7TH FLOOR, CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL, #1 CAMARIN ROAD, BARANGAY 172, CAMARIN, CALOOCAN CITY, 1421.

SIGNATURE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete, and correct. This report is signed in Caloocan City on April 26, 2024.

CATHERINE P. CABALIC, M.D., FPPS, MBA
Compliance Officer

JONATHAN L. LATONIO, M.D, FPCP, MBA Corporate Treasurer

Subscribed and sworn to before me

this ____day ____in ___Caloocan City, Metro Manila

MAY 0 8 2024

Dog. No. 103

Book No. 163

Series of 2024

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF COLOOCAN CITY

NOTARIAL COMMISSION NO. NC 444 until December 31, 2024

PTR NO. 1841005 / January 2 2024 Caloocan City

Attorney's Roll No. 3022

Lifetime IBP No. 716295 | January 27, 2009 California (Commission) (Com

MCLE Compliance No. VII-0019670 valid until April 4, 2025 Pasig Ci No. 15 Zone, Brgy. 172 Zamora Comp. Gate 1, Camarin, Caingcap Cit

OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Corporate Information

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of Camarin Doctors Hospital) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Bureau of Internal revenue (BIR) on November 23, 2017 and January 12, 2018, respectively. The principal activities of the Company are to establish, operate, own, manage and maintain a hospital or hospitals, medical and clinical laboratories and such other enterprises which may have similar or analogous undertakings or dedicated to services in connection therewith, subject to the condition that purely professional medical ad surgical services shall be performed by duly qualified physicians or surgeon who may or may not be connected with the corporation and whose services shall be freely and individually contracted by the patients.

The Company is wholly owned by Filipino individuals.

Market for Issuer's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Market Information

The common equity of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. is not listed in any stock exchange nor it is actively traded.

Stockholders

The corporation's records as of December 31, 2023, show that Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. has 701 stockholders. The following is the list of stockholders as of December 31, 2023:

	STOCKHOLDERS	NO. OF SH	IARES	%
	Preferred	36,000		
1	Ricardo O. Javison	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
2	Larry G. Lianko	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
3	Jonathan L. Latonio	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
4	Maritoni C. Abbariao	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
5	Mario M. Domingo	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
6	6 Monet Estelita E. Dulay	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
7	7 Willie L. Go	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	

		Preferred	36,000	
8	Bryan M. Haberia	Common A	30,000	3.143%
	TOTAL	66,000		
	Preferred	36,000		
9	Djhoana Jet E. Siao	Common A	30,000	3.143%
	, ,	TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
10	Carl Ryan Marino D. Taguba	Common A	30,000	3.143%
	Jan 1	TOTAL	66,000	0070
		Preferred	36,000	
11	Visitacion V. Toy	Common A	30,000	3.143%
11	Visitacion V. Toy	TOTAL	66,000	J. 143 /0
		Preferred	36,000	
12	Look Joan atta C. Bayan	Common A	30,000	3.143%
12	Leah Jeanette C. Bayan	TOTAL		3.143%
			66,000	
4.0		Preferred	36,000	0.4400/
13	Catherine P. Cabalic	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
14	Winston P. Abesamis	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
15	Richard Q. Arellano	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
	Preferred	36,000		
16	Arwin G. David	Common A	30,000	3.143%
	TOTAL	66,000		
	Preferred	36,000		
17	Sharon Michelle P. Bentero	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
18	Grace M. Fabon	Common A	30,000	3.143%
10	drace M. Labon	TOTAL	66,000	0.14070
		Preferred	36,000	
19	Jehiel L. Fabon	Common A	30,000	3.143%
1)	Jemei E. i aboli	TOTAL	66,000	J. 17J /0
		Preferred	,	
20	Eli A Eleverde	Common A	36,000	2 4 4 2 0 /
20	Eli A. Florendo		30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
0.4		Preferred	36,000	0.44007
				3.143%
21	Brenda B. Gianan	Common A	30,000	3.14376
21	Brenda B. Gianan	TOTAL	66,000	3.14370
		TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000	
	Brenda B. Gianan Maria Cristina S. Javison	TOTAL Preferred Common A	66,000 36,000 30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000	
		TOTAL Preferred Common A	66,000 36,000 30,000	
22		TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000	
22	Maria Cristina S. Javison	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 30,000	3.143%
22	Maria Cristina S. Javison	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000	3.143%
22	Maria Cristina S. Javison Yvette Muviel B. Latonio	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 36,000 36,000	3.143%
22	Maria Cristina S. Javison	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 30,000	3.143%
22	Maria Cristina S. Javison Yvette Muviel B. Latonio	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 66,000	3.143%
22 23 24	Maria Cristina S. Javison Yvette Muviel B. Latonio Chona T. Lianko	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000	3.143% 3.143% 3.143%
22 23 24	Maria Cristina S. Javison Yvette Muviel B. Latonio	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 30,000	3.143%
222 223 224 225	Maria Cristina S. Javison Yvette Muviel B. Latonio Chona T. Lianko	TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred Common A TOTAL Preferred	66,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000 36,000 36,000 30,000 66,000 36,000	3.143% 3.143% 3.143%

		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
27	Hermie F. Maglaya-Ang	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
28	Mayshara M. Montojo	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
29	Virginia P. Go	Common A	30,000	3.143%
	TOTAL	66,000		
		Preferred	36,000	
30	Christopher D. Taguba	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
		Preferred	36,000	
31	Katrina Louise M. Taguba	Common A	30,000	3.143%
		TOTAL	66,000	
32	Others	Common C	53,700	2.558%

Dividends

Since its inception on December 3, 2022, Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. has not declared any dividends to its stockholders. This decision is attributed to the hospital accruing a deficit during its initial operations up to this reporting period.

Despite any provisions outlined in the corporation's by-laws, the authority to determine and allocate dividends to stockholders ultimately rests with the board of directors. Thus, any decision regarding the distribution of dividends will be made by the board in accordance with prevailing circumstances and financial considerations.

Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities

There was no shares issued by Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc., which were not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the Securities regulation code.

DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES

Common or Preferred Stock

All shares of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc, are common shares, with the exception of Preferred shares at the time of incorporation in 2017.

The total amount of the Authorized Capital Stock of the corporation is P229,160,000. This is divided Preferred shares of 1,116,000 with par value of P10.00 per share. Common A shares of 930,000 with par value of P50.00 per share, Common B Shares of 155,000 at P300 par value per share and Common C shares of 250,000 with par value of P500.00 per share.

Debt Securities

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc has no debt securities to be registered.

Stock Options

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc has no stock options to be registered.

Securities Subject to Redemption or Call

There are no convertible securities that are subject to redemption or call to be registered.

Market Information for Securities Other Than Common Equity

Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. has no other securities other than common equity securities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS

Statement of Financial Position

Comparing December 31, 2023, and 2022

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc.'s total assets at year-end 2023 and 2022 ended at Php810,542,186 and Php667,634,750 respectively. Total liabilities decreased to Php639,094,776 as of year-end 2023 from Php661,349,386 in year-end 2022. The stockholders' equity significantly increased to Php171,447,410 in year-end 2023 compared to the previous year of Php6,285,364 mainly due to subscription and payment of Common C 53,200 shares at P26,600,000 with a premium amounting of to P152,950,000

Total current assets increased to Php197,479,957 as of year-end 2023, as against Php66,950,456 in 2022.

Total non-current assets, which accounted for about 75.64% of the total assets in 2023 and 89.97% in 2023 amounted to Php613,062,229 and Php600,684,294 respectively. Cost of the hospital building and investment in medical equipment comprised bulk of the non-current assets.

Total current liabilities decreased to Php288,835,618 in 2023 from Php289,149,386 in 2022. The decrease of Php313,768 is mainly from accrued finance cost of Php2,255,590 and advances from stockholders of Php152,320,285 that partially offset the increase in Trade and other payables of Php122,628,726, current portion of loans payable in the amount of Php26,000,000, and recognition of lease liability of Php3,344,253.

Total non-current liabilities which consisted of loans payable to DBP stood at Php345,200,000 in 2023 versus Php372,200,000 in 2022 the factor of the decrease is due to payment of the principal in 2023. In addition, recognition of the non-current portion of the Lease Liability was recognized in the amount of Php5,059,158.

Statement of Comprehensive Income

Comparing 2023 and 2022

Revenue from operations for the year 2023 amounted to Php411,180,789 as compared to 2022 of Php6,227,196 or an increase of Php404,953,593 due to the full operation of the hospital in 2023.

Presented below is the breakdown of revenue generated for the year 2023 and 2022.

	2023	2022
Sale of medical services		
Laboratory	75,189,188	1,534,960
Special Service Units	71,829,840	1,498,208
Central Sterile Supply	47,668,569	735,867
Radiology	38,754,783	351,650
Room and Board	30,466,074	-
Hemodialysis	24,042,857	-
Pulmonary	14,690,135	120,320

Nursing Service Charge		13,117,360		76,108
Cardiology		10,992,232		49,760
Dietary		8,593,719		182,245
Sonology		5,918,690		92,210
PT Rehab		3,385,141		7,757
EEG/EMG		406,150		-
Diabetes Center		293,440		1,310
Other Hospital Fees		8,811,254		167,425
		354,159,432		4,857,819
Sales Discounts		(31,774,855)		(378,118)
		322,384,577		4,479,702
Sale of goods				
Pharmacy		88,796,212		1,747,495
	Php	411,180,780	Php	6,277,196

Direct Cost in 2023 amounted to Php272,335,477 as compared to 2022 of Php13,484,217 or an increase of Php258,851,260. Breakdown of Direct Costs for year 2023 and 2022 are presented below.

	2023	2022
Cost of Services		
Salaries and Wages	73,927,219	5,850,017
Central Sterile Supply Dept.	43,599,253	4,794,474
Doctor's Fees	28,500,162	-
Depreciation	27,539,841	-
Laboratory	21,884,995	-
Reader's Fees	14,428,678	-
Dietary	10,120,880	75,726
SSS, Philhealth and HDMF	5,587,322	372,555
Hospital Supplies	1,937,918	2,312,822
Radiology	1,311,645	-
Instrument Fees	936,090	-
Pulmonary	747,093	-
Miscellaneous	-	78,623
Total Cost of Services	230,521,096	13,484,217
Cost of Goods Sold		
Beginning Inventory	- 	-
Purchases	57,483,257	-
Cost of goods available for sale	57,483,257	-
Less: Ending Inventory	(15,668,876)	- _
Total Cost of Goods Sold	41,814,381	-
Cost of Services	230,521,096	13,484,217
Cost of Goods Sold	41,814,381	<u>-</u>
TOTAL DIRECT COST Phr	272,335,477	Php 13,484,217

Operating Expenses for 2023 stood at Php131,305,420 and in 2022 at Php21,545,279 or an increase in the amount of Php109,760,141. Breakdown of 2023 and 2022 Operating Expenses are as follows:

	2023	2022
Management Fee	32,858,050	-
Salaries and Wages	27,178,233	13,382,556
Utilities	17,802,577	2,602,583

Transportation and travel	12,236,384	-
Depreciation	6,481,968	_
Janitorial	5,545,284	-
Security	4,188,133	-
Office Supplies	3,973,863	116,412
Bank Charge	2,778,355	<u> </u>
SSS, Philhealth and HDMF	2,233,668	370,008
Repairs and Maintenance	2,001,577	<u> </u>
Taxes and Licenses	1,277,947	2,859,500
Marketing	1,221,060	120,500
Training and Seminars	841,053	<u>-</u>
Insurance	834,503	-
Representation	713,250	41,562
Professional Fees	678,956	1,841,188
Housekeeping	663,221	-
Communication	626,844	-
Rentals	585,328	-
Amortization	223,214	-
Meals	258,525	-
Fuel and Oil	241,428	-
Donations	221,745	-
Postage	111,337	-
Membership Fee	69,357	-
Penalties	14,179	113,771
Website Costs	-	-
Loan Related Fees	-	-
Miscellaneous	5,445,381	97,199
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE	Php 131,305,420	Php 21,545,279

The comprehensive income of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. resulted also in the increase in Other Income of Php8,365,574 from Php12,204 to Php8,377,778 which is attributable to rental income received from lease of office space located in the ground floor and sales from canteen.

Key Performance Indicators

	2023	2022
Current Ratio	0.68	0.23
Acid Test Ratio	0.32	0.06
Solvency Ratio	0.03	-0.05
Debt to Equity Ratio	3.73	105.22
Asset to Equity Ratio	4.73	106.22
Return to Equity	-0.16	-1.45
Return to Assets	-0.02	-0.10
Net Profit Margin	0.02	-4.63
Gross Profit Margin	0.34	-1.17
Book Value Per Share	167.52	-5.0

Hospital Census

The Camarin Doctors Hospital has been operational for one year. The typical daily inpatient and outpatient census figures are presented below:

	Year 2023
Average Daily Inpatients	55
Average Daily Outpatients	250

HMO Accreditation

At present, there are 26 accredited Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) in operation. The list of HMOs are as follows:

1. Etiqa	14. Getwell Health
2. Kaiser	15. Medicare
3. Valuecare	16. Philcare
4. Intellicare	17. Forticare
5. Avega	18. Medocare
6. Lacson & Lacson	19. Sunlife Grepa
7. Amaphil	20. Cocolife
8. Flexicare	21. IMS WealthCare
9. Eastwest	22. HMI
10. Pacific Cross	23. Carewell
11. Medasia	24. Generali Philippines
12. Medicard	25. Fortune Life
13. InLife (Insular Care)	26. Maxicare

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Attached hereto is the audited financial statement of Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Incorporating compliance with regulatory mandates and emphasizing the commitment to corporate governance practices, Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. ensures alignment with standards of effective governance. The hospital's dedication to regulatory requirements is evident in its inclusion of the Manual on Corporate Governance within its Registration Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in 2022. The Compliance Officer diligently executes responsibilities outlined in the Manual, ensuring adherence to prescribed procedures.

The Board of Directors, comprising fifteen (15) members elected during the 2023 Annual Stockholders' Meeting, with four (4) independent directors, steadfastly upholds the organization's mission and vision. To facilitate efficient governance, various committees, including the Executive, Management, Audit, Corporate Governance, and Quality Assurance and Patient Safety Committees, have been established in accordance with regulatory mandates.

R.S Bernaldo and Associates has served as Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc.'s external auditor since 2018, ensuring rigorous examination of financial records in compliance with SRC Rule 68 (3)(b)(iv). Notably, adherence to regulatory requirements includes avoiding the concurrent provision of internal audit services by the external auditor.

Recognizing the significance of stockholders' rights, the Company has implemented mechanisms to safeguard voting, pre-emptive, inspection, information, dividends, and appraisal rights. Furthermore, the Board retains the authority to disqualify, suspend, or censure directors and top-level management, following due process as outlined in the Manual.

To maintain alignment with evolving governance standards, the Manual undergoes annual review by the Board, ensuring continual relevance and effectiveness. Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc remains steadfast in its commitment to enhancing corporate governance practices, allocating dedicated time at Board Meetings for ongoing assessment and improvement of corporate processes.

The evaluation system established by the company to measure or determine the level of compliance of the Board of Directors and top-level management with its Manual of Corporate Governance typically involves several key components:

- 1. Establishments of Criteria: The company defines specific criteria or standards outline in its Manual of Corporate Governance and top-level management are expected to adhere to. These criteria may include ethical standards, legal compliance, financial oversight, risk management mitigation, and strategic planning among others.
- 2. Regular Assessment: The company conducts regular assessments or evaluations to gauge the extent to which the Board of Directors and top-level management comply with the established criteria. These assessments may be conducted annually or at specified intervals determined by the company.
- 3. Documentation of Compliance: Compliance with the Manual of Corporate Governance is documented through various means, such as meeting minutes, reports, certifications, and self-assessments submitted by directors and executives.
- 4. Independent Review: In some cases, an independent review or evaluation may be conducted by external auditors, consultants, or a governance committee comprised of independent directors to provide an objective assessment of compliance.
- 5. Feedback Mechanisms: The company may establish feedback mechanisms for stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, and regulatory authorities, to provide input on the performance and compliance of the Board of Directors and top-level management.
- 6. Remedial Actions: If any areas of non-compliance are identified through the evaluation process, the company takes appropriate remedial actions to address deficiencies and improve compliance going forward. These actions may include

additional training, policy revisions, changes in leadership, or other corrective measures.

7. Reporting and Transparency: The results of the evaluation system are typically reported to relevant stakeholders, such as shareholders and regulatory authorities, to ensure transparency and accountability in corporate governance practices.

By implementing a robust evaluation system, the company demonstrates its commitment to upholding high standards of corporate governance and promoting accountability, transparency, and effective leadership at the Board of Directors and top-level management levels.

Several measures that a company might undertake to fully comply with adopted leading practices on good corporate governance includes the following:

- 1. Establishment of Governance Policies: The company develops and implements comprehensive governance policies and procedures based on leading practices and relevant regulatory guidelines. These policies cover areas such as board structure, composition, and responsibilities, as well as ethical standards, risk management, and internal controls.
- 2. Board Independence: The company ensures a sufficient number of independent directors on its board to enhance objectivity and oversight. Independent directors should have no material relationship with the company that could interfere with their ability to exercise independent judgment.
- 3. Board Diversity: The company promotes diversity within its board of directors, including diversity of skills, experiences, backgrounds, and perspectives. This diversity contributes to better decision-making and governance outcomes.
- 4. Board Committees: The company establishes specialized board committees, such as audit, compensation, and nomination/governance committees, to enhance oversight and effectiveness in key areas of corporate governance.
- 5. Executive Compensation: The company adopts transparent and performance-based executive compensation practices aligned with long-term shareholder interests. This includes setting appropriate performance targets, linking executive compensation to company performance, and disclosing executive pay structures to shareholders.
- 6. Risk Management: The company implements robust risk management processes to identify, assess, and mitigate risks to the business. This includes regular risk assessments, internal controls, and monitoring mechanisms to ensure effective risk oversight by the board and management.
- 7. Stakeholder Engagement: The company fosters regular communication and engagement with stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers, and the broader community. This promotes transparency, accountability, and responsiveness to stakeholder concerns.

- 8. Compliance and Ethics: The company establishes a culture of integrity, ethics, and compliance throughout the organization. This includes implementing a code of conduct, whistleblower policies, and mechanisms for reporting and addressing ethical violations or misconduct.
- 9. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): The company integrates environmental, social, and governance (ESG) considerations into its business operations and decision-making processes. This includes initiatives to promote sustainability, community involvement, and responsible business practices.
- 10. Continuous Improvement: The company regularly reviews and evaluates its corporate governance practices to identify areas for improvement and enhancement. This may involve benchmarking against industry peers, seeking feedback from stakeholders, and adapting to evolving governance standards and best practices.

By implementing these measures, the company demonstrates its commitment to upholding the principles of good corporate governance and creating long-term value for its stakeholders.

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, LEILANI M. SACDAL, Filipino of legal age and a resident of #30 Cancer St. Phase 3B Sto. Niño Meycauayan City Bulacan, after having been duly sworn to in accordance

with law do hereby declare that:

- 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. and have been its independent director since July of 2021 (where applicable).
- 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government owned and controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	Position/ Relationship	Period of Service
N/A		

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Optimum Quality health Ventures , Inc ., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code , its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances .
- 4. I am related to the following director / officer / substantial shareholder of (Covered company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code . (where applicable)

Name of Director/ Officer / Substantial Shareholder	Company	Nature of Relationship
N/A		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding / I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/ administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

Offense Charged / Investigated	Tribunal or Agency Involved	Status
N/A		

6.	(For those in government service /affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have the required permission from the to be an independent director in, pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and section 12, Rule XVIII of the revised Civil Service Rules.
7.	I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities and Regulation Code and its implementing rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
8.	I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. of any charges in the abovementioned information within Five (5) days from its occurrence . Done, this $\frac{\text{MAY} 0 8 2024}{\text{Oole, this}} \text{, at} \qquad \frac{\text{Caloocan City, Metro Manka}}{\text{Caloocan City, Metro Manka}}$
	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this at Affiant personally appeared before me and exhibited to me his /her Issued at on

Doc. No.: 104
Page No.: 127
Book No.: 165 Series of 2024 ATTY, SELECTOR AND WITHIN THE AMERICAN OF COLOCAL ACTOR

MOTHER PROBLEMS ON HIS MANAGEMENTS IN 2014

MOTHER COMMISSION HIS MANAGEMENTS IN 2014

MOTHER COMISSION HIS MANAGEMENTS IN 2014

MOTHER COMMISSION HIS MANAGEMENTS IN 2014

MOTHER COMMISSION HIS MANAGEMENTS IN 2014

MOTHER COMI

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, MARYGRACE TAMAYO-GARCIA, Filipino of legal age and a resident of 16 Kabiling St. Urduja Village Brgy 172, Caloocan City after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - I am a nominee for independent director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. and have been its independent director since July of 2021 (where applicable).
 - I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government owned and controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	Position /Relationship	Period of Service
N/A		

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Optimum Quality health Ventures , Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code , its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances .
- I am related to the following director / officer / substantial shareholder of (Covered company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code. (where applicable)

Name of Director/ Officer / Substantial Shareholder	Company	Nature of Relationship
N/A		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding / I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative Investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

Offense Charged / Investigated	Tribunal or Agency Involved	Status
N/A		

6.	(For those in government service /affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have the required permission from the to be an independent director in
	pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and section 12, Rule XVIII of the revised Civil Service Rules.
7.	I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities and Regulation Code and its implementing rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
8.	I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. of any charges in the abovementioned information within Five (5) days from its occurrence.
	Done, this MAY 0 8-2024 , at Caloocan City, Metro Manila
	Asish
	MARYGRACE/TAMAYO-GARCIA Affiant
	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this day of at Affiant personally
	appeared before me and exhibited to me his /her
	Issued at on

Doc. No.: 105 Page No.: 22

Book No.: 163 Series of 2024

ATTY, SEVERINGS, AGUILAR—ACUNA
MOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF COLOOGAN CITY
MOTARIAL COMMISSION NO. NC 444 until December 31, 2024
PTR NO. 18410051 January 2, 2024 (Caloocan Cay
Attorney's Roll Ho. 30722

Lifetime IEP No. 776295, January 27, 2009 I CALMANA CHAPTER
MCLE Compliance No. VII. 0019670 valid antil April 13, 2022 Page 18, No. 15 Zone, Brgy. 172 Zamora Comp. Gate 1, Camarin, Caloocan Cit.

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, CHRISTOPHER Z. NITAFAN, Filipino of legal age and a resident of Andrew Compound Poblacion I San Jose Del Monte City Bulacan after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:

- 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. and have been its independent director since July of 2021 (where applicable).
- 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government owned and controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	Position /Relationship	Period of Service
N/A		

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Optimum Quality health Ventures , Inc ., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code , its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances .
- 4. I am related to the following director / officer / substantial shareholder of (Covered company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code . (where applicable)

Name of Director/ Officer / Substantial Shareholder	Company	Nature of Relationship
N/A		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding / I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

Offense Charged / Investigated	Tribunal or Agency Involved	Status
N/A		

Doc . No. : 107
Page No. : 23
Book No. : 163
Series of 2024

Lineine: EP No. TRATES January 21 TOPS CALINA NA CHAPTER MCLE Compliance No. VII. 1978 TO valid until April 14, 1925 - Pasing City No. 15 Zene, Brigs. 172 Zenero Comp. Gate 1, Camprin, Calebran City

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, ATHENA R. DAVID, Filipino of legal age and a resident of 32 Torino st. Brixton Ville Subdivision Camarin Caloocan City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance

with law do hereby declare that:

- 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Optimum Quality Health Ventures Inc. and have been its independent director since July of 2021 (where applicable).
- 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government owned and controlled Corporations):

Company/ Organization	Position /Relationship	Period of Service
N/A		

- 3. I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of Optimum Quality health Ventures, Inc., as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulations Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4. I am related to the following director / officer / substantial shareholder of (Covered company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code . (where applicable)

Name of Director/ Officer / Substantial Shareholder	Company	Nature of Relationship
N/A		
n!		

5. To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding / I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be):

Offense Charged / Investigated	Tribunal or Agency Involved	Status
N/A		

6.	(For those in government required permission from pursuant to Office of the I the revised Civil Service Re	the President Men	to be an inde	pendent director in	
7.	I shall faithfully and diliger director under the Securi Code of Corporate Gover	ties and Regula	ation Code and its im		
8.	I shall inform the Corpora in the abovementioned in MAY U 8 20	formation wit			of any charges
	Done, this	, at	Caloocan City, (fietro		
	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN appeared before me and			at Affiai	nt personally
	Issued at		***************************************		
	Doc . No. : 102 Page No. : 123 Book No. : 163 Series of 2024	NOTA LIMENTAL WELE COM	SEVERINAS, AGUILAS SEVERINAS, AGUILAS LO FORMISSION NO 444 LAZIN DONCO POR DO 1818/25 DONCO 2004 CAROLE Administra 2008 DONCO 2008 CALINA E EP No. 1762/5 Donco 2007, 2008 CALINA DONCO 2008 DONCO 2008 CALINA DONCO 2008 DONCO 2008 CALINA NO. BOJ. 177 Lengua Comp. Gade 1, Camarin	he 11, 204 en Chy St. Charlier 200 Page St.	





The following document has been received:

Receiving: Mark Jason Orcine

Receipt Date and Time: April 12, 2024 04:58:17 PM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: CS201738919

Company Name: OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. DOING BUSINESS UNDER THE

NAME AND STYLE OF CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL

Industry Classification: M85100 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10412202482193160 **Document Type:** Financial Statement

Document Code: FS

Period Covered: December 31, 2023

Submission Type: Annual

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

For **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

																	5	SEC	Regi	strat	tion I	Numb	er					
		C S 2 0 1 7 3 8 9 1 9									9																	
	Company Name																											
0	P	T	I	M	U	M		Q	U	A	L	I	T	Y		Н	E	A	L	T	Н							
V	E	N	T	U	R	E	S		I	N	C	•	d	0	i	n	g		b	u	s	i	n	e	s	s		
			1		1	1		1	1			l						1			1	1			1			
u	n	d	е	r		t	h	е		n	a	m	е		a	n	d		S	t	y	l	е		0	f		
C	A	M	Α	R	I	N		D	0	С	Т	0	R	S		Н	0	S	P	I	Т	Α	L					
	А	141	А	I	1	11		ע	U	C	1	U	I	3		11	U	3	1	1	1	А	L					
Principal Office (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province)																												
1		C	A	M	A	R	I	N		R	0	A	D		В	A	R	A	N	G	A	Y		1	7	2	,	
				ı							1	ı			1	1			1				1	1	,			
С	A	M	A	R	I	N	,		C	A	L	0	0	C	A	N		C	I	T	Y	,		1	4	2	1	<u> </u>
	Form Type Department requiring the report Secondary License Type, If Applicable																											
					AA	F	S						C I	R I	М	D												
					ни	I.	3					L	<u>د</u> ا	X 1	. • 1	U												
			C	Compa	any's	Ema	il Add	dress				Comp	oany's	Tele	phon	e Nui	mber	/s				M	obile	Num	ıber			
			info	@cam	arin	docto	rsho	spita	ıl.ph				(()2)82	260-5	952						(6:	3)91'	7-71	3-420	06		
				No.	of S	tockh	oldei	rs						inual		_							Fisca	al Yea	ar			
	701 Month/Day 2nd SUNDAY OF MAY								.			Г			Mont					\neg								
						701					L									L			ресе	emb6	er 31			
CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person <u>MUST</u> be an Officer of the Corporation																												
	٠			Name	of C	ontac	t Pe	rson			- 1		E	mail A	Addre	ess		_1	elepl	none	Num	ber/s	; -1 '	Mobi	le Nu	ımbe	r	
				Ri	cardo	0. J	aviso	n										L	02	2-826	60595	52						
Contact Person's Address																												

Note: 1.) In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

1 Camarin Road, Barangay 172, Camarin ,Caloocan City, 1421



Your BIR AFS eSubmission uploads were received

eafs@bir.gov.ph <eafs@bir.gov.ph>
To: OQHVI.TAX@gmail.com

Cc: OQHVI.TAX@gmail.com

Fri, Apr 12, 2024 at 3:56 PM

HI OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.,

Valid files

- EAFS009895673ITRTY122023.pdf
- EAFS009895673AFSTY122023.PDF

Invalid file

None>

Transaction Code: AFS-0-87LBEKAC03YTRVTRRNPT33WSQ04XVPYTPW

Submission Date/Time: Apr 12, 2024 03:56 PM

Company TIN: 009-895-673

Please be reminded that you accepted the terms and conditions for the use of this portal and expressly agree, warrant and certify that:

- The submitted forms, documents and attachments are complete, truthful and correct based on the personal knowledge and the same are from authentic records;
- The submission is without prejudice to the right of the BIR to require additional document, if any, for completion and verification purposes;
- The hard copies of the documents submitted through this facility shall be submitted when required by the BIR in the event of audit/investigation and/or for any other legal purpose.

This is a system-generated e-mail. Please do not reply.

(HW)

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of Camarin Doctors Hospital) #1 Camarin Road, Brgy. 172, Camarin, Caloocan City

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.** (*Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL*) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, including the schedules attached therein, as at December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in accordance with the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements, including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

R.S. Bernaldo & Associates, the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its reports to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

DR. LARRY G. VIANKO Chairman of the Board DR. RICARDO O. JAVISON

President

DR. JONATHAN L. LATONIO

Treasurer

Signed this 4th day of April 2024.

APR 0 4 2024

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _____ day of _____ 2024 affiants exhibiting to me their respective Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) ID, as follows:

Name
DR. LARRY G. LIANKO
DR. RICARDO O. JAVISON
DR. JONATHAN L. LATONIO

PRC 0087957 0090273 0077975 Date of Issue 09/03/1997

Place of Issue Manila

09/01/1998 06/14/1993 Manila Manila Manila

Page No. 39; Book No. 18; Series of 2024

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR AND WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF COLOOCAN CIT NOTARIAL COMMISSION NO NC 444 urkil December 31, 2024 PTR NO. 1841005/ January 2,2024 (Caloocan City

Attorney's Roll No. 30232 Lifetime IBP No. 776295, January 27, 2009 I CALMANA CHAPTER MCLE Compliance No. VII-0019670 valid until April 14, 2025 I Pasig City No. 15 Zone, Brgy. 172 Zamora Comp. Gate 1, Camarin, Caloocan City

PKF R.S. Bernaldo & Associates



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)

#1 Camarin Road, Brgy. 172

Camarin, Caloocan City

Report on the Audits of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL) (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the financial statements in Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

BOA /PRC No. 0300 • BIR Accredited • SEC Group A Accredited • BSP Group B Accredited • IC Accredited 18/F Cityland Condominium 10 Tower 1, 156 H.V. dela Costa Street, Ayala North , Makati City, Philippines 1226 Tel: +632 8812-1718 to 22 Email: rsbassoc@pkfrsbernaldo.com www.pkfrsbernaldo.com

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information required under Revenue Regulations 15-2010 and 19-2011 in Notes 36 and 37, respectively, to the financial statements, is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the Management of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES**, **INC**. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

R.S. BERNALDO & ASSOCIATES

BOA/PRC No. 0300
Valid until May 28, 2024
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-BSP
Valid until 2026 audit period
BIR Accreditation No. 08-007679-000-2023
Valid from January 31, 2023 until January 30, 2026
IC Group A Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-IC
Valid until 2026 audit period

MARVIN G. GARCIA

Partner
CPA Certificate No. 102934
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 102934-BSP
Valid until 2025 audit period
BIR Accreditation No. 08-008060-001-2022
Valid from April 11, 2022 until April 10, 2025
Tax Identification No. 214-290-691
IC Accreditation No. 102934-IC
Valid until 2024 audit period
PTR No. 10081201
Issued on January 9, 2024 at Makati City

April 4, 2024

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2023 and 2022 (In Philippine Peso)

	NOTES	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	32,449,597	15,741,543
Trade and other receivables	7	59,011,162	481,112
Inventories	8	29,023,403	401,112
Other current assets	9	76,995,795	50,727,801
		197,479,957	66,950,456
Non-current Assets			
Property and equipment – net	10	604,847,118	599,568,223
Right-of-use asset - net	11	6,722,254	333,300,223
Intangible asset - net	12	892,857	1,116,071
Security deposit	28	600,000	-
		613,062,229	600,684,294
TOTAL ASSETS		810,542,186	667,634,750
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Accrued finance cost Advances from stockholders Loans payable Retention payable Lease liability Non-current Liabilities Loans payable – net of current portion	15 16 19 16 18 17	146,957,160 2,246,503 36,965,345 53,000,000 46,322,357 3,344,253 288,835,618	22,039,306 4,502,093 189,285,630 27,000,000 46,322,357 - 289,149,386 372,200,000
Lease liability – net of current portion	17	5,059,158	-
TOTAL HARMITURE		350,259,158	372,200,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		639,094,776	661,349,386
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital Stock	20	84,510,000	57,910,000
Additional Paid-in Capital	20	152,950,000	-
Deficits		(66,012,590)	(51,624,636)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		171,447,410	6,285,364
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		810,542,186	667,634,750
		0.10,0.12,100	007,034,750

(See Notes to Financial Statements)



(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL) STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (In Philippine Peso)

	NOTES	2023	2022	2021
REVENUE - net	21	411,180,789	6,227,196	
DIRECT COSTS	22	272,335,477	13,484,217	-
GROSS INCOME (LOSS)		138,845,312	(7,257,021)	_
OTHER INCOME	23	8,377,778	12,204	71,526
		147,223,090	(7,244,817)	71,526
OPERATING EXPENSES	24	131,305,420	21,545,279	2,438,254
FINANCE COSTS	16,17	28,100,840	4,502,093	-
LOSS BEFORE TAX		(12,183,170)	(33,292,189)	(2,366,728)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	26	2,204,784	<u>.</u>	-
LOSS		(14,387,954)	(33,292,189)	(2,366,728)
LOSS PER SHARE	29	(14.63)	(35.80)	(2.54)

(See Notes to Financial Statements)



(35.80)

(2.54)

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (In Philippine Peso)

	Note	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficits	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021		57,660,000	-	(15,965,719)	41,694,281
Issuance of common shares	20	250,000			250,000
Loss				(2,366,728)	(2,366,728)
Balance at December 31, 2021		57,910,000		(18,332,447)	39,577,553
Loss				(33,292,189)	(33,292,189)
Balance at December 31, 2022	20	57,910,000		(51,624,636)	6,285,364
Issuance of common shares	20	26,600,000			26,600,000
Additional paid-in capital	20		152,950,000		152,950,000
Loss				(14,387,954)	(14,387,954)
Balance at December 31, 2023	20	84,510,000	152,950,000	(66,012,590)	171,447,410

(See Notes to Financial Statements)

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 (In Philippine Peso)

	NOTES	2023	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before tax		(12,183,170)	(33,292,189)	(2,366,728)
Adjustments for:		,	(00,000,000,	(2,000,20)
Depreciation	10,11,22,24	34,021,809	-	-
Finance cost	16,17	28,100,840	4,502,093	
Amortization	12,24	223,214	-	-
Finance income	6,23	(237,488)	(12,204)	(71,526)
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital Increase in operating assets:	(Virginance) and the state of t	49,925,205	(28,802,300)	(2,438,254)
Trade and othe receivables		(58,530,050)	(481,112)	
Inventories		(29,023,403)	(401,112)	· •
Deferred input VAT			~	(17,515,147)
Other current assets		(28,472,778)	(16,592,985)	*
Security deposit		(600,000)	-	•
Increase (Decrease) in trade and other payables		124,649,679	20,371,900	(552,137)
Net cash from (used in) operating activities		57,948,653	(25,504,497)	(20,505,538)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	SOMMON CONTRACTOR			
Finance income received	6,23	237,488	12,204	71,526
Additions to intangible asset	12	-	-	(1,116,071)
Payments of advances to contractors	13	-	(55,524,350)	(94,927,757)
Additions to property and equipment	10	(35,939,577)	(65,818,942)	(78,054,028)
Net cash used in investing activities	Control of the Contro	(35,702,089)	(121,331,088)	(174,026,330)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issuance of shares	20	179,550,000	•	250,000
Advances received from stockholders	19	-	61,918,663	29,475,844
Proceeds from loans	16	*	39,200,000	180,000,000
Payments of finance cost on lease liability	17	(120,030)	-	-
Payments on loans	16	(1,000,000)	-	-
Payment on lease liability	17	(1,679,970)	-	•
Payments of finance cost on loans	16	(29,968,225)	-	•
Repayments of advances from stockholders	19	(152,320,285)	*	*
Net cash from (used in) financing activities		(5,538,510)	101,118,663	209,725,844
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUI	VALENTS	16,708,054	(45,716,922)	15,193,976
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YE	AR	15,741,543	61,458,465	46,264,489
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	- 1	32,449,597	15,741,543	61,458,465

(See Notes to Financial Statements)

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the Three Years in the Period Ended December 31, 2023

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Optimum Quality Health Ventures, Inc. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of Camarin Doctors Hospital) (the "Company") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) on November 23, 2017 and January 12, 2018, respectively. The principal activities of the Company are to establish, operate, own, manage and maintain a hospital or hospitals, medical and clinical laboratories and such other enterprises which may have similar or analogous undertakings or dedicated to services in connection therewith, subject to the condition that purely professional medical and surgical services shall be performed by duly qualified physicians or surgeons who may or may not be connected with the corporation and whose services shall be freely and individually contracted by the patients.

The Company is wholly owned by Filipino individuals.

In a special meeting held on June 5, 2020, the Board of Directors approved the filing of the registration statement and listing of securities with the SEC. On December 27, 2022, SEC approved the Company's Registration Statement and issued a Certificate of Permit to Offer Securities for Sale consisting of 2,296,000 shares covered under SEC MSRD Order No. 93 series of 2022.

On December 22, 2022, the Company started its commercial operation.

The Company's registered office address is located at #1 Camarin Road, Brgy. 172, Camarin, Caloocan City.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council (FSRSC) approved the issuance of new and revised Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS). The term "PFRS" in general includes all applicable PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS), and Interpretations issued by the Philippine Interpretations Committee (PIC), Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) which have been approved by the FSRSC and adopted by SEC.

These new and revised PFRS prescribe new accounting recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements applicable to the Company. When applicable, the adoption of the new standards was made in accordance with their transitional provisions, otherwise the adoption is accounted for as change in accounting policy under PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

2.01 New and Revised PFRSs Applied with No Material Effect on the Financial Statements

The following new and revised PFRSs have been adopted in these financial statements. The application of these new and revised PFRSs has not had any material impact on the amounts reported for the current and prior years but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.

Amendments to PAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates

The definition of accounting estimates has been amended as follows: accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty".

The amendment also clarifies the following:

- Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty.
- A change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error. In addition, the effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.
- A change in an accounting estimate may affect only the current period's profit or loss, or the profit or loss of both the current period and future periods. The effect of the change relating to the current period is recognised as income or expense in the current period. The effect, if any, on future periods is recognised as income or expense in those future periods.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

 Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure Initiative – Accounting Policies

The amendments to PAS 1 are the following:

- > an entity is now required to disclose its material accounting policy information instead of its significant accounting policies;
- several paragraphs are added to explain how an entity can identify material accounting policy information and to give examples of when accounting policy information is likely to be material;

The amendments also clarify the following:

- accounting policy information may be material because of its nature, even
 if the related amounts are immaterial;
- accounting policy information is material if users of an entity's financial statements would need it to understand other material information in the financial statements; and

> if an entity discloses immaterial accounting policy information, such information shall not obscure material accounting policy information.

In addition, PFRS Practice Statement 2 has been amended by adding guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' to accounting policy information in order to support the amendments to PAS 1.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

 Amendments to PAS 12, Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments introduce an exception to the initial recognition exemption (IRE) in PAS 12. Additional exclusions have been added to the IRE, detailed in paragraphs 15(b)(iii) and 24(c) for deferred tax liabilities and assets respectively. The effects of these amendments essentially mean that the IRE is not available for transactions which involve the recognition of both an asset and liability – which in turn leads to equal and opposite temporary differences – such that deferred taxes are calculated and booked for both temporary differences, both at initial recognition and subsequently. Applying this exception, an entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The initial recognition exemption was initially included within PAS 12 to prevent a lack of reporting transparency for transactions which are not business combinations and, at the time of the transaction, do not affect either accounting or taxable profits. Under this exemption, deferred tax assets/liabilities would neither be recognized at initial recognition of the underlying asset/liability, nor subsequently.

The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, the amendments also apply to taxable and deductible temporary differences associated with right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and decommissioning obligations and corresponding amounts recognized as assets at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

• Amendments to PAS 12, International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments introduce a mandatory temporary exception to the accounting for deferred taxes arising from the jurisdictional implementation of the Pillar Two model rules, and disclosure requirements for affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand an entity's exposure to Pillar Two income taxes arising from that legislation, particularly before its effective date.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

2.02 New and Revised PFRSs in Issue but Not Yet Effective

The Company will adopt the following standards and interpretations enumerated below when they become effective. Except as otherwise indicated, the Company does not expect the adoption of these new and amended PFRS, to have significant impact on the financial statements.

2.02.01 Standard Adopted by FSRSC and Approved by the Board of Accountancy (BOA)

Amendments to PAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments to PAS 1 are the following:

- clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period and align the wording in all affected paragraphs to refer to the "right" to defer settlement by at least twelve months and make explicit that only rights in place "at the end of the reporting period" should affect the classification of a liability;
- clarify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability; and
- make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

The amendments defer the effective date of the January 2020 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments to PAS 1) to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early application permitted.

Amendments to PAS 7 and PFRS 7, Supplier Finance Arrangements

The amendments introduce new disclosure requirements to enhance the transparency and, thus, the usefulness of the information provided by entities about supplier finance arrangements.

The amendments are effective to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early application permitted.

Amendments to PAS 1, Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

The amendments clarify that only covenants with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date will affect a liability's classification as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities arising from loan arrangements that are subject to covenants to be complied with within twelve months after the reporting period.

The amendments are effective to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early application permitted.

Amendments to PFRS 16, Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments clarify how a seller-lessee measures the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transacton in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained.

The amendments are effective to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early application permitted.

PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

PFRS 17 sets out the requirements that an entity should apply in reporting information about insurance contracts it issues and reinsurance contracts it holds. It requires an entity that issues insurance contracts to report them on the balance sheet as the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. It requires an entity to provide information that distinguishes two ways insurers earn profits from insurance contracts: the insurance service result and the financial result. It requires an entity to report as insurance revenue the amount charged for insurance coverage when it is earned, rather than when the entity receives premium. It requires that insurance revenue to exclude the deposits that represent the investment of the policyholder, rather than an amount charged for services. Similarly, it requires the entity to present deposit repayments as settlements of liabilities rather than as insurance expense.

PFRS 17 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Early application is permitted for entities that apply PFRS 9 Financial Instruments and PFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers on or before the date of initial application of PFRS 17.

An entity shall apply PFRS 17 retrospectively unless impracticable, except that an entity is not required to present the quantitative information required by paragraph 28(f) of PAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and an entity shall not apply the option in paragraph B115 for periods before the date of initial application of PFRS 17. If, and only if, it is impracticable, an entity shall apply either the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach.

Amendments to PFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

The amendments cover the following areas:

- Insurance acquisition cash flows for renewals outside the contract boundary;
- Reinsurance contracts held—onerous underlying insurance contracts;
- ➤ Reinsurance contracts held—underlying insurance contracts with direct participation features; and
- Recognition of the contractual service margin in profit or loss in the general model.

The amendments are effective to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

 Amendment to PFRS 17, Initial Application of PFRS 17 and PFRS 9—Comparative Information

The amendment is a transition option relating to comparative information about financial assets presented on initial application of PFRS 17. The amendment is aimed at helping entities to avoid temporary accounting mismatches between financial assets and Insurance contract liabilities, and therefore Improve the usefulness of comparative information for users of financial statements.

PFRS 17 incorporating the amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025.

2.02.02 Deferred

 Amendments to PFRS 10 and PAS 28, Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate and joint venture. This requires an investor in its financial statements to recognize in full the gains and losses arising from the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business while recognize partial gains and losses if the assets do not constitute a business (i.e. up to the extent only of unrelated investor share).

On January 13, 2016, the FSRSC decided to postpone the original effective date of January 1, 2016 of the said amendments until the IASB has completed its broader review of the research project on equity accounting that may result in the simplification of accounting for such transactions and of other aspects of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

3. BASIS FOR THE PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3.01 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with PFRS and are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments that are carried at amortized cost and inventories carried at lower of cost or net realizable value.

3.02 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using Philippine Peso (P), the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency").

The Company chose to present its financial statements using its functional currency.

3.03 Current and Non-current Presentation

The Company classifies an asset as current when:

- It expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- It holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It expects to realize the asset within twelve (12) months after the reporting period;
 or
- The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve (12) months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

The Company classifies a liability as current when:

- It expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- It holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- The liability is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- It does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities, respectively.

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principal accounting and financial reporting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements are enumerated below and are consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

4.01 Financial Assets

4.01.01 Initial Recognition and Measurement

The Company recognizes a financial asset in its statements of financial position when, and only when, the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset.

At initial recognition, the Company measures trade receivables that do not have a significant financing component at their transaction price.

4.01.02 Classification

> Financial Asset at Amortized Cost

A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company's financial asset at amortized cost pertains to cash in banks and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and security deposit.

a) Cash in Banks and Cash Equivalents

Cash in banks are cash deposits held at call with banks that are subject to insignificant risk of change in value. This shall be measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with original maturities of three (3) months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

b) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Finance income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

The Company has no financial assets measured at fair value either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss in both years.

4.01.03 Effective Interest Method

Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for: purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets and financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired but subsequently have become credit-impaired.

4.01.04 Impairment

The Company measures expected losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable assumption that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

The Company adopted the following approaches in accounting for impairment:

General Approach

The Company applies general approach to cash in banks, other receivables and security deposit. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk has not increased significantly, the Company measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month expected credit losses.

The Company compares the risk of default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default occurring as at the date of initial recognition and consider the macro-economic factors such as GDP rate, interest rate, and inflation rate; the status of counterparties' industry; and the available financial information of each counterparty to determine whether there is a significant increase in credit risk or not since initial recognition.

The Company determines that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when there is a significant decline in the factors.

If the Company has measured the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date, that the credit quality improves (i.e., there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition), then the Company shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses at the current reporting date.

The Company recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition because the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

The Company did not apply the 30 days past due rebuttable presumption since based on Company's historical experience credit risk has not increased significantly even if collections are more than 30 days past due.

The Company did not apply the 90 days past due rebuttable presumption in determining whether a financial asset is credit-impaired or not since based on the Company's historical experience past due amounts even over 90 days are still collectible.

The Company performs the assessment of significant increases in credit risk on an individual basis.

The Company determines that a financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the counterparty;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- The lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; and
- It is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization.

Simplified Approach

The Company always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables. The Company determines that a financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- · Significant financial difficulty of the counterparty;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- It is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; and

 The lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.

The Company performs the assessment of significant increases in credit risk on an individual basis.

4.01.05 Derecognition

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when, and only when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition. The difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognized in profit or loss.

4.02 Other Current Assets

4.02.01 Input VAT

Input VAT arises from the purchase of goods or services. This is applied against output VAT. The remaining balance is recoverable in future periods. This is carried at cost less allowance for impairment loss, if any. Impairment loss is recognized when input VAT can no longer be recovered.

For zero rated sales, input VAT is initially recorded as an asset and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, the Company may apply within two (2) years after the close of the taxable quarter when such sale was made for the tax refund of creditable input tax due or paid attributable to sales that are zero-rated or effectively zero-rated.

4.02.01 Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers pertains to advance payment made to its suppliers for the purchase of materials and supplies to be delivered. These are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Advances to suppliers are charged to profit or loss upon acquisition of the materials and supplies.

4.03 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Costs are determined using the specific identification method. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated and costs necessary to make the sale.

When the net realizable value of the inventories is lower than the cost, the Company provides for an allowance for the decline in the value of the inventory and recognizes the write-down as an expense in the statements of comprehensive income. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realizable value, is recognized as a reduction in the cost of inventories recognized as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognized as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognized.

4.04 Property and Equipment

Property is stated initially at cost including expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by Management and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation of hospital building, furniture and fixtures, transportation equipment, hospital equipment, office equipment and janitorial equipment is computed on the straight line method based on the estimated useful life of the assets below:

Hospital building	20 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Transportation equipment	10 years
Hospital equipment	10 years
Office equipment	10 years
Janitorial equipment	3 years

Construction-in-progress is initially measured at cost. Cost includes construction costs, professional fees, taxes and licenses, other expenses and, for qualifying assets, borrowing cost capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Subsequently, upon completion, this will be reclassified to hospital building and will be measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The property and equipment's' residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, if there is an indication of significant change since the last reporting date.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

4.05 Intangible Asset

Intangible asset acquired separately is initially carried at cost. Subsequently, intangible asset with definite useful life is carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the system software of five (5) years.

The estimated useful life, residual value and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible asset is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss.

4.06 Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that any of its assets other than inventories and financial assets that are within the scope of PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, may have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized as an expense.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and the value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as an income.

4.07 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4.08 Financial Liabilities

4.08.01 Initial Recognition and Measurement

The Company recognizes a financial liability in its statements of financial position when, and only when, the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial liability at its fair value minus, in the case of financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the liability.

4.08.02 Classification

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized, except for:

- financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss;
- financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies;
- financial guarantee contracts;
- · commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate; and
- contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables (excluding due to government agencies), accrued finance cost, advances from stockholders, loans payable, retention payable, and lease liability.

The Company has no financial liability at fair value through profit or loss in both years.

4.08.03 Derecognition

The Company removes a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) from its statements of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished (i.e., when the obligation in the contract is discharged or cancelled or has expired).

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration is paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4.09 Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Ordinary and preferred shares are classified as equity.

4.10 Employee Benefits

4.10.01 Short-term Employee Benefits

The Company recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the accounting period. Short-term employee benefits given by the Company to its employees include, but not limited to, salaries and wages, SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium.

4.11 Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

4.11.01 Performance Obligations Satisfied Over Time

The Company's revenue from medical services is recognized over time. The Company transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time. The Company's performance of service is transferred as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs.

4.11.02 Performance Obligations Satisfied at a Point in Time

The Company's sale of pharmaceutical supplies and medicines is recognized at point in time. This is when:

- · The Company has a present right to payment for goods;
- · The Company has transferred physical possession of the goods; and
- · The customer has accepted the goods.

4.11.03 Finance Income

Finance income is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Finance income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

4.12 Expense Recognition

Expense encompasses losses as well as those expenses that arise in the course of the ordinary activities of the Company.

The Company recognizes expenses in the statements of comprehensive income when a decrease in future economic benefits related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen that can be measured reliably.

4.13 Leases

4.13.01 The Company as a Lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4.13.02 The Company as a Lessee

The Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for a consideration. To apply this definition the Company assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations, which are whether:

 The contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Company.

- The Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract.
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Company assesses whether it has the right to direct how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Right-of-Use (ROU) Asset

At the commencement date, the Company measures the ROU assets at cost, which comprises of:

- · initial measurement of the lease liabilities;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Company;
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing
 the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the
 underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the
 lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories. The Company
 incurs the obligation for those costs either at the commencement date or as a
 consequence of having used the underlying asset during a particular period.

Subsequent to initial recognition, ROU assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The Company depreciates the ROU assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the ROU assets or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the ROU assets for impairment when such indicators exist.

ROU asset is presented as a separate line item on the statements of financial position.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liabilities at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or if not, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate.

At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liabilities comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under the residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liabilities by:

- · increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liabilities;
- reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company recognizes the amount of remeasurement of the lease liabilities as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. However, if the carrying amount of the ROU assets is reduced to zero and there is further reduction in the measurement of the lease liabilities, the Company recognizes any remaining amount of the remeasurement in profit or loss.

Lease liabilities is presented as a separate line item on the statements of financial position.

4.14 Related Parties and Related Party Transactions

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Company that is preparing its financial statements. A person or a close member of that person's family is related to Company if that person has control or joint control over the Company, has significant influence over the Company, or is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.

An entity is related to the Company if any of the following conditions applies:

- The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate
 of the third entity.
- The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Company or an entity related to the Company. If the Company is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Company.
- The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified above.
- A person identified above has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
- Management entity providing key management personnel services to a reporting entity.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members, who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the Company and include that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged.

4.15 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax.

4.15.01 Current Tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statements of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4.15.02 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits from unused Net Operating Loss Carry-over (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred income tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction that affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

4.15.03 Current and Deferred Tax for the Period

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized outside profit or loss, whether in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognized outside profit or loss.

4.16 Earnings per Share

The Company computes its earnings per share by dividing net income or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

4.17 Changes in Accounting Policies

The adoption of the new and revised standards and interpretations disclosed in Note 2.01, was made in accordance with their transitional provision, otherwise the adoption is accounted for as change in accounting policy under PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, Management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

5.01 Critical Judgment in Applying Accounting Policies

The following is a critical judgment, apart from those involving estimations that Management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in financial statements.

5.01.01 Assessment of Contractual Terms of a Financial Asset

The Company determines whether the contractual terms of a financial asset give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. In making its judgments, the Company considers whether the cash flows before and after the changes in timing or in the amount of payments represent only payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Management assessed that the contractual terms of its financial assets are solely payments of principal and interest and consistent with the basic lending arrangement.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial asset measured at amortized cost amounted to P86,121,429 and P16,222,655, respectively, as disclosed in Note 31.02.

5.01.02 Assessment on Capitalization of Borrowing Cost

The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting defines an asset as a resource controlled by the entity as a result of past events and from which future economic benefits are expected to flow to the entity. Entities normally obtain assets by purchasing or producing them, but other transactions or events may generate assets. Future economic benefits may flow to the entity in a number of ways, it could be used singly or in combination with other assets in the production of goods or services to be sold by the entity; exchange for other assets; used to settle liability; or distributed to the owners of the entity.

Management believes that construction-in-progress would meet the definition of a qualifying asset, hence the borrowing cost incurred was capitalized. In 2023 and 2022, capitalized borrowing cost amounted to nil and P15,956,025, respectively, as disclosed in Notes 10 and 16.

5.01.03 Assessment of Timing of Satisfaction of Performance Obligations

An entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a promised good or service to the customer, which could occur over time or at a point in time.

Management assessed that performance obligation is satisfied over time for its medical services. This is when the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs.

In addition, Management assessed that performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time for its sale of pharmacy inventory. This is when there is a present right to payments of goods, transfer of physical possession of goods and acceptance of the same by its customers.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, revenue from sale of service amounted to P322,384,577, P4,479,702 and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 21.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, revenue from sale of goods amounted to P88,796,212, P1,747,494 and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 21.

5.01.04 Assessment of the Allocation of Transaction Price to Performance Obligations

A performance obligation is a vendor's promise to transfer a good or service that is 'distinct' from other goods and services identified in the contract.

Management assessed that the allocation of transaction price to performance obligations is not applicable because there is only one performance obligation in both sales of goods and services.

5.01.05 Assessment of 30 days Rebuttable Presumption

The Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk occurs on its financial assets based on the credit Management practice of the Company.

Management believes that the 30 days rebuttable presumption on determining whether there is a significant increase in credit risk in financial assets is not applicable because based on the Company's historical experience, credit risk has not increased significantly even the amounts are past due for more than 30 days.

5.01.06 Assessment of 90 Days Rebuttable Presumption

The Company determines when a default occurs on its financial assets based on historical experience on collections per patient, HMO, PHIC, PCSO and other counterparties and credit Management practice of the Company.

Management believes that the 90 days rebuttable presumption on determining whether financial assets are credit impaired is not applicable because based on the Company's historical experience on collections per patient and aging schedules, the Company considers some of its financial assets to be not impaired even if this is past due for over one (1) year.

5.01.07 Determining whether or not it is Reasonably Certain that an Extension Option will be Exercised, and Termination Option will not be Exercised

Lease term is the non-cancellable period for which the Company has the right to use an underlying asset including optional periods when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend (or not to terminate) a lease. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the lessee to exercise the option when determining the lease term and the enforceability of the option. The option to extend the lease term should be included in the lease term if it is reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise the option and the option is enforceable. The Company is required to reassess the option when significant events or changes in circumstances occur that are within the control of the lessee. The lease contracts state that the lease is terminated upon the expiration of the lease period, unless renewed by both parties. Thus, the lease term covers only the noncancelable term of the contract.

For lease agreement with Project 45 Ventures Corporation, Management assessed that the Company will extend the lease term beyond the non-cancelable lease period because the renewal is subject to mutual consent by both parties. However, extension of lease contract without mutual consent of both parties is not enforceable. The lease term determined by the Management comprises the non-cancelable term of three (3) years.

5.01.08 Determining Whether or not a Contract Contains a Lease

Management assessed that lease agreements with Project 45 Ventures Corporation as disclosed in Note 28, qualified as a lease since the contract contains an identified asset, the Company has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits, and the Company has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use.

5.01.09 Assessment of Classification of Lease as a Lessor

The Company determines whether a lease qualifies as an operating lease. In making its judgments, the Company considers whether the risk and reward of the leased property will be transferred to the lessee. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. Whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease depends on the substance of the transaction rather than the form of the contract.

Management assessed that the Company's lease contracts qualify as operating leases because the risk and reward of the leased property will not be transferred to the lessee at the end of the lease term.

The Company earned rental income amounting to P1,331,293, nil and nil in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as disclosed in Notes 23 and 28.

5.01.10 Distinction Between Property and Equipment and Investment Property

The Company determines whether a property qualifies as investment property. In making its judgments, the Company considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by the entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the property but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rental or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production of supply of goods and services or for administrative purposes. If these portions can be sold separately (or leased out separately under finance lease), the Company accounts for the portions separately.

If the portion cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Company considers each property separately in making its judgment.

The portion of office space located in the ground floor of the building leased out to third parties cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for under 'property and equipment' because significant portion of the property is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

5.02 Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainties

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future and other key source of estimation uncertainty of the end of the reporting period that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

5.02.01 Estimating Inventories at Net Realizable Values

Net realizable values of inventories are assessed regularly based on the prevailing selling prices of inventories less estimated costs to sell. The Company recognizes expense and provides allowance for decline in value of inventories whenever net realizable values of inventories becomes lower than cost due to damage, physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes on price levels or other causes. Inventory items identified to be obsolete and unusable is written-off and charged against allowance account. Increase in the net realizable values will increase the carrying amount through reduction of allowance for decline but only to the extent of original acquisition cost.

In 2023 and 2022, Management determined that the net realizable values of the Company's inventories approximate their costs; hence, no impairment or write-down was recognized. The costs of inventories as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P29,023,403 and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 8.

5.02.02 Reviewing Useful Lives and Depreciation Method of Property and Equipment

The useful lives and depreciation method of the Company's property and equipment are reviewed at least annually, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, if there is an indication of a significant change in, how an asset is used; significant unexpected wear and tear; technological advancement; and changes in market prices since the most recent annual reporting date. The useful lives of the Company's assets are estimated based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. In determining the useful life of an asset, the Company considers the expected usage, expected physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output and legal or other limits on the use of the Company's assets. In addition, the estimation of the useful lives is based on Company's collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of property and equipment would increase the recognized operating expenses and decrease non-current assets. The Company uses a depreciation method that reflects the pattern in which it expects to consume the asset's future economic benefits if there is an indication that there has been a significant change in the pattern used by which the Company expects to consume an asset's future economic benefits, the entity shall review its present depreciation method and, if current expectations differ, change the depreciation method to reflect the new pattern.

In both years, Management asses that there is no significant change from previous estimates. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amounts of depreciable property and equipment amounted to P549,403,048 and P544,124,153, respectively, as disclosed in Note 10.

5.02.03 Asset Impairment

The Company performs an impairment review when certain impairment indicators are present. Determining the fair value of other current assets, property and equipment, right-of-use asset, and intangible asset which requires the determination of future cash flows expected to be generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets, requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that can materially affect the financial statements. Future events could cause the Company to conclude that other current assets, property and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible asset are impaired. Any resulting impairment loss could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition and results of operations.

The preparation of the estimated future cash flows involves significant judgment and estimations. While the Company believes that its assumptions are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the assessment of recoverable values and may lead to future additional impairment charges under PFRS.

Management believed that there are no indications of impairment that could materially affect its other current assets, property and equipment, right-of-use asset, and intangible asset. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the aggregate carrying amounts of the aforementioned assets amounted to P689,458,024 and P651,412,095, respectively, as disclosed in Notes 9,10,11 and 12.

5.02.04 Estimating Allowance for Expected Credit Losses

The Company evaluates the expected credit losses related to a financial asset based on an individual assessment and available facts and circumstances, including, but not limited to historical loss experience and current and forecast macro-economic information.

The Company uses credit ratings, performance of banking industry, macro-economic and bank's financial information to assess the expected credit losses on its cash in banks. In view of the foregoing factors, Management believes that the estimated expected credit loss is nil in both years.

The Company uses growth in health industry and other macro-economic factors to assess the expected credit losses on its trade and other receivables. In view of the foregoing factors, Management believes that the estimated expected credit loss is nil in both years.

Security deposit represents 0.07% of total financial assets in 2023. However, Management believes that the effect of provision for expected credit loss is immaterial to the financial statements as a whole, as disclosed in Note 31.02.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's financial assets measured at amortized cost amounted to P86,121,429 and P16,222,655, respectively, as disclosed in Note 31.02.

5.02.05 Non-recognition of Deferred Tax Asset

The Company reviews the carrying amount at each reporting date and reduces deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized prior to its expiration.

Based on Management's evaluation of its expected taxable profit in the near future, the Company will not be able to utilize the benefit of the deferred tax asset from NOLCO. Accordingly, unrecognized deferred tax asset as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 amounted to P15,171,838 and P9,904,609, respectively, as disclosed in Note 27.

5.02.06 Reviewing Residual Values, Useful Lives and Amortization Method of Intangible Asset

The residual values, useful lives and amortization method of the Company's intangible assets are reviewed at least annually, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, if there is an indication of a significant change in, how an asset is used; technological advancement; and changes in market prices since the most recent annual reporting date. Amortization begins when the intangible asset is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be usable in the manner intended by management. Amortization ceases when the asset is derecognized. The Company uses a straight-line method of amortization since it cannot determine reliably the pattern in which it expects to consume the asset's future economic benefits.

In both years, Management assessed that there are no indications of any change in pattern used by the Company in consuming its intangible asset's future economic benefits. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the carrying amounts of intangible asset amounted to P892,857 and P1,116,071, respectively, as disclosed Note 12.

5.02.07 Estimating the Appropriate Discount Rate to Use

The Company measures the lease liabilities at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or if not, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Management used incremental borrowing rate of 5.38% to measure the present value of its lease liability since the implicit rate was not readily available.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash in banks and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting periods, as shown in the statements of cash flows, can be reconciled to the related items in the statements of financial position as follows:

10 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T			2023		2022
Cash on hand		P	5,939,330	P	*
Cash in banks			14,510,267		15,741,543
Cash equivalents		***************************************	12,000,000		
month of the state	100 A	P	32,449,597	₽	15,741,543

Cash in banks earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposits' rates. The Company's cash equivalents pertain to time deposits with an interest rate of 5.50% per annum in 2023. The deposits have a maturity range of 91 days.

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, finance income earned from bank deposits amounted to P113,921, P12,204 and P71,526, respectively, as disclosed in Note 23. In 2023, 2022 and 2021, finance income earned from cash equivalents amounted to P123,567, nil, and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 23.

7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Company's trade and other receivables consist of:

		2023		2022
Trade	P	58,684,575	₽	481,112
Advances to officers and employees		157,398		-
Others		169,189	-	
The control of the co	P	59,011,162	P	481,112

Trade pertains mainly to receivables from the Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) and PhilHealth which are non-interest-bearing and are collectible within 90-day term.

Trade receivables disclosed above include amounts which are past due at the end of the reporting period.

Aging of receivables that are past due but not impaired as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	 -	2023		2022
1 – 30 days	 P	20,216,935	P	-
31 – 60 days		-		-
61 – 90 days		73,567		_
91 – 120 days		200,767		-
Over 120 days		951,886		*
	P	21,443,155	₽	-

8. INVENTORIES

The Company's inventories are detailed as follows:

		2023		2022
Pharmacy inventory	Þ	15,668,876	P	-
Hospital supplies		13,354,527	·····	
	P	29,023,403	Þ	•

Total cost of pharmacy inventories recognized as expense in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P41,814,381, nil and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 22.

Total cost of hospital supplies recognized as expense in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P1,937,918, P2,312,822 and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Note 22.

Inventories are expected to be recovered within twelve (12) months after reporting period.

9. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

The details of the Company's other current assets are shown below:

		2023		2022
Input VAT	P	65,401,470	P	50,727,801
Advances to suppliers		10,103,057		-
Advances to contractors		1,323,200		-
Excess tax credits		168,068		· ·
	₽	76,995,795	Þ	50,727,801

Input VAT arises from the purchase of goods or services. This is applied against output VAT. Input VAT represents the twelve percent (12%) amount paid for the purchase of goods and services from various VAT – registered suppliers.

Advances to suppliers pertain to advance payments to suppliers of medical supplies.

10. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - net

The Company's property and equipment are detailed as follows:

		Land	Furniture and Fixtures	ninkoninkontati (kipinkontati	Transportation Equipment	neselection of the second	Hospital Equipment	yndydeinyd ryd	Office Equipment	MANAGE CON	Janitorial Equipment		Hospital Building		Construction- in- Progress	******	Total
January 1, 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation	Þ	55,444,070	A	P		P	na de antidificación de efectivo de la properción de esta de e Esta de esta d Esta de esta de	P	manacara di Suna confirma prima periodi metandi di melandi di periodi di Alexandria di Manacara di Manacara di Gili	p		þ	46 Selected Policy and Control of the Control of th	P	313,010,354	р	368,454,424
Carrying Amount		55,444,070			terinda in da da da da da da da garan da										313,010,354		368,454,424
Movements during							and the second s										
					nda Siria ad arabi anta anta da diginariana basalah payangang panggang panggang panggang Historia			atamanan		teresone Statutage		Providence 2556/1615		daning and a start		izdavanos Pirporta	eta esta esta en el esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta
Balance, January 1		55,444,070	100		Ms		10		as.		*		etr.		313,010,354		368,454,424
Additions			1,147,706	nighteistean kaan projens	1,584,025	erokroninija)	15,249,875	elitifythetheles	717,678	entragos Algores :	127,939	retionkovyk	e en en el dichemistra esperajo der en <mark>g</mark> erministra e	aniuminiyində	212,286,576	yady sinaksy ky	231,113,799
Reclassification	nvertes ecox	######################################	95 man 1960 (1960) (196	CONTRACTOR	*	CUIDAL-SUS CUIDAL-SUS	A manufacture de constitue de c	s minosy Airy (r.) 1047 o marian	nan din san Granisa napata katalan kat Panggan din katalan kat III.	entrate en en en entrate en en en en	TO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	AND PERSONS	525,296,930		(525,296,930)	Bener	
Balance, December	kistynytoljastynynynynonist		Najinin taliya sahibbaka ataya talaying daga kasa kasa sayan	ipuserbuhunmisuhon.		NO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	teksik tabilan terbenduk bahali salah bahala da kanada kerabah da sabab.	NOTE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	eterotisti tiroscostieterosti novembrostiete heletropitanish	SI-DIVINOS (ASSOCIATE	hynyhtyttä hyhtitätti tuoisi tuoisi tuoisi tuoisi ja 200-to-valtiilikkilyi tiiristitii	AND SEPTIME		ganacanicos.	4484 4549 4529 44-photographic proprietation (444444444444444444444444444444444444		
31, 2022		55,444,070	1,147,706		1,584,025		15,249,875		717,678	en de la composition de	127,939	nanandois.	525,296,930	e parel de deserve	49	BAUAGOS	599,568,223
December 31, 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation		55,444,070	1,147,706		1,584,025		15,249,875		717,678		127,939		525,296,930		JA.	-	599,568,223
Carrying Amount	p	55,444,070	P 1,147,706	p	1,584,025	p	15,249,875	p	717,678	p	127,939	p	525,296,930	р	*	p	599,568,223

[Balance Carry-Forwarded]

[Balance Forwarded]

	Land	Furniture and Fixtures	Transportation Equipment	Hospital Equipment	Office Equipment	Janitorial Equipment	Hospital Building	Construction- in- Progress	Total
Movements during 2023									
Balance, January 1	P 55,444,070 H	2 1,147,706	P 1,584,025	P 15,249,875	₽ 717,678	P 127,939	P 525,296,930	ρ -	P 599,568,223
Additions	n	2,142,859		21,330,068	3,066,002		9,400,648	w	35,939,577
Depreciation				, ,					
(Notes 22 and 24)	w	(250,286)	(158,403)	(2,864,167)	(247,516)	(42,646)	(27,097,664)	is	(30,660,682
Balance, December		no and a second contractive second contractive second second second second second second second second second			e o de la responsació de la compositiva della co	оприводительного проделення в придости в приводительного приводительного придости в при в придости в придости в придости в придости в придости	aran karan kar	nossamentus entretatat entretata entretata entretata entretata entretata entretata entretata entretata entreta	
31, 2023	55,444,070	3,040,279	1,425,622	33,715,776	3,536,164	85,293	507,599,914		604,847,118
December 31, 2023									
Cost	55,444,070	3,290,565	1,584,025	36,579,943	3,783,680	127,939	534,697,578	ts.	635,507,800
Accumulated				**************************************				in the selection of the state of the selection of the sel	***************************************
depreciation	2% ELAPONONAN-VIOLANIANIERA SERIENIERA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BERTARA BE	(250,286)	(158,403)	(2,864,167)	(247,516)	(42,646)	(27,097,664)	and a factor of the second of the second 200	(30,660,682
Carrying Amount	P 55,444,070 I	3,040,279	P 1.425,622	P 33,715,776	P 3,536,164	P	P 507,599,914	ina mana ina mana mana minina mana mana	P 604,847,118

The Company has started the construction of its hospital building in 2019.

The parcel of land, including all improvements existing or may thereafter existing thereon as well as project assets to be financed were used as collateral for the loan payable, as disclosed in Note 14.

Additions to property and equipment amounting to P35,939,577 and P65,818,942 were paid in cash in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In 2023 and 2022, additions in construction-in-progress includes transfers from advances to contractors amounting to nil and P135,020,033, respectively, and recoupment of advance payment bonds amounted to nil and P19,022,052, respectively.

In 2023 and 2022, the amount of finance cost capitalized as part of construction-in-progress amounted to nil and P15,956,025, respectively, as disclosed in Note 16.

Depreciation expense is allocated as follows:

The state of the s		2023		2022
Direct costs (Note 22)	P	27,539,841	P	_
Operating expenses (Note 24)		3,120,841		
	Þ	30,660,682	₽	**

In 2023 and 2022, Management determined that there is no indication that impairment has occurred on its property and equipment.

11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET - net

The carrying amount of the Company's right-of-use asset are as follows:

	2023	2022
Balance, January 1		
Cost	₽ -	₽ -
Accumulated depreciation		_
Carrying amount	44	-
Movements during the year		
Balance, January 1	••	-
Additions	10,083,381	-
Depreciation (Note 24)	(3,361,127)	•
Balance, December 31	6,722,254	_
Balance, December 31		
Cost	10,083,381	-
Accumulated depreciation	(3,361,127)	
Carrying amount	P 6,722,254	P -

The details of the lease contract are disclosed in Note 28.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, lease liability related to right-of-use asset amounted to P8,403,411 and nil, respectively, as disclosed in Notes 17 and 28.

In both years, the Company has determined that there is no indication that impairment occurred on its right-of-use asset.

12. INTANGIBLE ASSET - net

The carrying amount of the Company's intangible asset are as follows:

Management of the second of th		2023	2022
Balance, January 1			
Cost	₽	1,116,071 P	1,116,071
Accumulated amortization			*
Carrying amount		1,116,071	1,116,071
Movements during the year			
Balance, January 1		1,116,071	1,116,071
Amortization (Note 24)		(223,214)	*
Balance, December 31		892,857	1,116,071
Balance, December 31			
Cost		1,116,071	1,116,071
Accumulated amortization		(223,214)	-
Carrying amount	P	892,857 P	1,116,071

The intangible asset of the Company pertains to hospital information system.

The remaining useful life ranges from four (4) to five (5) years as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

In both years, the Company has determined that there is no indication of impairment on its intangible asset.

13. ADVANCES TO CONTRACTORS

Details of the Company's advances to contractors for the construction of hospital building are as follows:

	2023		2022
P	-	Þ	79,495,683
	-		55,524,350
	-		(135,020,033)
P	-	₽	_
	P P	P P -	P - P

In 2022, Management determined that there is no indication that impairment has occurred on its advances to contractors.

14. ADVANCE PAYMENT BONDS

The Company has started the construction of its hospital building in 2019. The Company's upfront payment to its contractors amounted to P50,000,000, which is then recouped through deductions to progress billings received from its contractors.

Accordingly, movements of advance payment bonds are as follows:

				2023		2022
Balance, January 1	2000	on a second	P	1984	P	19,022,052
Recoupment (Note 10)	77.7	di di		The state of the s		(19,022,052)
Balance, December 31	the section of the		P	·	Þ	**

In 2022, Management determined that there is no indication that impairment has occurred on its advance payment bonds.

15. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Details of the Company's trade and other payables are as follows:

ANTICACIÓN DE CONTRACTOR DE CO		2023		2022
Trade	P	81,897,082	P	19,815,071
Accrued expenses		41,755,230		422,327
Professional fees payable		18,536,344		~
Due to government agencies		3,832,751		1,495,491
Others		935,753		306,417
	P	146,957,160	P	22,039,306

The average credit period for trade payables is 30 days. No interest is charged on the trade payables.

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of professional fees, employee benefits and salaries and wages. Accrued expenses include accrued finance cost from lease liability amounting to P268,175 and nil, in 2023 and 2022, respectively, as disclosed in Note 17.

Professional fees payable pertain to the outstanding obligations of the Company to its doctors with respect to their services.

Due to government agencies pertain to withholding taxes and SSS, PHIC and HDMF premiums contributions.

16. LOANS PAYABLE

On December 10, 2019, the Company entered into an Omnibus Loan Agreement with Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) wherein DBP has approved to extend in favor of the Company two (2) term loans in the aggregate principal amount of P475,000,000 to be made available as follows: (a) Term Loan I in the amount of P400,000,000 or Seventy percent (70%) of validated project cost, whichever is lower; and (b) Term Loan II in the amount of P75,000,000 or Seventy percent (70%) of validated project cost, whichever is lower.

The proceeds of the loan shall be used to finance the following: (a) Term Loan I - To partially finance construction of a seven-storey Level 2 hospital building with basement and roof deck located in Camarin, Caloocan City with one hundred (100) bed capacity; and (b) Term Loan II - To partially finance acquisition of hospital machinery and equipment.

The Company shall repay the loan in the following manner: (a) For Term Loan I - Twelve (12) years inclusive of two (2) years grace period on principal repayment. Principal payable in forty (40) equal quarterly amortizations commencing at the end of ninth (9th) quarter from date of initial drawdown until fully paid; (b) For Term Loan II - Seven (7) years inclusive of one (1) year grace period on principal repayment. Principal payable in twenty-four (24) quarterly amortizations commencing the end of the fifth (5th) quarter from date of initial drawdown until fully paid.

Details of drawdown under Term Loan I is as follows:

			2023	2022
Balance, January 1		P	399,200,000 P	360,000,000
Availments			-	39,200,000
Payment			(1,000,000)	*
Balance, December 31	101111111111111111111111111111111111111	P	398,200,000 P	399,200,000

Details of the current and non-current portion of the loans payable are as follows:

	Popular Control	2023	2022
Non-current portion	P	345,200,000 P	372,200,000
Current portion		53,000,000	27,000,000
	P	398,200,000 P	399,200,000

The loan is subject to an interest rate of 5.25% to 5.50% per annum payable quarterly based on drawdown amount. The interest may be increased or decreased during the term of the loans.

In 2023 and 2022, the Company's capitalized finance cost as part of construction-in-progress amounted to nil and P15,956,025, respectively, as disclosed in Note 10.

Movements of accrued finance cost are as follows:

		2023		2022
Balance, January 1	P	4,502,093	Þ	4,095,000
Finance cost incurred		27,712,635		20,458,118
Finance cost paid	00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	(29,968,225)		(20,051,025)
Balance, December 31	Р	2,246,503	₽	4,502,093

The loan is secured by a parcel of land, including all improvements existing or may thereafter existing thereon as well as project assets to be financed as disclosed in Note 10. The aggregate carrying amounts of pledged assets are as follow:

	1		
		2023	2022
Hospital building	P	507,599,914 P	525,296,930
Land		55,444,070	55,444,070
Hospital equipment		33,715,776	15,249,875
Office equipment	Approximation	3,536,164	717,678
Furniture and fixtures		3,040,279	1,147,706
Transportation equipment	e de la company	1,425,622	1,584,025
Janitorial equipment		85,293	127,939
the debelor	P	604,847,118 ₽	599,568,223

The Company shall maintain a total debt-to-equity ratio of 70:30. Total credit shall mean the aggregate amount of all short-term and long-term liabilities of the company. Equity shall mean the aggregate issued share capital and retained earnings of the Company.

The Company is compliant with the terms and conditions of the loan agreement. Further, the Company pays the amortization without any delays.

17. LEASE LIABILITY

The Company, as lessee, entered into lease arrangements, as disclosed in Note 28. The following are the amounts of lease liabilities:

	Minimum Lease	Payments	Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Not later than one (1) year Later than one (1) year but not later than five (5)	P 5,400,000 P	-	P 4,876,078 P	-		
years	3,600,000	**	3,527,333	504		
	9,000,000	-	8,403,411			
Discount	(596,589)	_	-	-		
Present value of minimum	Communication of the communica					
lease payments	8,403,411	-	8,403,411	-		
Current portion	3,344,253	**	3,344,253	**		
Non-current portion	P 5,059,158 P	-	P 5,059,158 P	•		

Management used incremental borrowing rate of 5.38% to measure the present value of its lease liabilities since the implicit rate was not readily available.

In 2023 and 2022, the finance cost incurred from lease liability amounted to P388,205 and nil, respectively. Finance cost paid amounted to P120,030 and nil, in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accrued finance cost amounted to P268,175 and nil, in 2023 and 2022, respectively, as disclosed in Note 15. In 2023 and 2022, lease liability paid amounted to P1,679,970 and nil, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, related right-of-use asset amounted to P6,722,254 and nil, as disclosed in Note 11.

The Company is compliant with the terms and conditions of the lease.

18. RETENTION PAYABLE

Retention payable represents amounts withheld from payments to contractors as guaranty for any future claims against the contractor. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's retention payable amounted to P46,322,357.

These are non-interest bearing and will be remitted to contractors.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's related party is its stockholders acting as its key management personnel.

Balances and transaction between the Company and its related party is disclosed below:

19.01 Advances from Stockholders

Balance of advances from stockholders as shown in the statements of financial position are as follows:

19.01.01 Key Management Personnel

Transactions with stockholders are detailed as follows:

December 31,			2023		December 31, 2022			
		Amount/ Volume		Outstanding Balance		Amount/ Volume		Outstanding Balance
Stockholders								
Advances	P	••	P	36,965,345	Þ	61,918,663	P	189,285,630

Advances from stockholders pertain to cash received to finance the purchase of land and future construction of hospital building. The amount outstanding are non-interest bearing, unsecured, payable on demand and will be settled in cash. No guarantee has been given in respect to these advances.

In 2023 and 2022, payments made by the Company to its related party amounted to P152,320,285 and nil, respectively.

19.02 Remuneration of Key Management Personnel

The Company's remuneration to its key management personnel amounted to P32,858,050 and nil, in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

20. ISSUED CAPITAL

The issued capital of the Company are as follows:

	mediality in the second of the	2023		2022
Capital stock	P	84,510,000	P	57,910,000
Additional paid-in capital	The state of the s	152,950,000		
	P	237,460,000	₽	57,910,000

Additional paid-in capital pertains to amount paid by the Company's stockholders which exceeded the par value of its ordinary shares.

Components of capital stock are as follows:

			2023		2022
Common shares	State of the state	P	73,350,000	Þ	46,750,000
Preference shares	-		11,160,000		11,160,000
		þ	84,510,000	₽	57,910,000

20.01 Common Shares

Details of Company's authorized common shares as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Shares	Amount
Common A – P 50 par value	930,000 P	46,500,000
Common B – P 300 par value	155,000	46,500,000
Common C – P500 par value	250,000	125,000,000
	1,335,000 P	218,000,000

All common shares carry one (1) vote per share and a right to dividends.

20.01.01 Common "A" Shares

Shown below are the details of common "A" shares:

-	20;	2022			
Management	Shares	Amount	Shares	Α	mount
Authorized, issued and fully paid:					
P 50 par value	930,000 P	46,500,000	930,000	P 46	6,500,000

Common "A" shares tagged as founders' shares carry one (1) vote per share and a right to dividends.

20.01.02 Common "B" Shares

Common "B" shares can be owned and held by both Filipino and foreign individuals and corporations.

Common "B" shares carry one (1) vote per share and right to dividends.

20.01.03 Common "C" Shares

Shown below are the details of common "C" shares in 2023 and 2022:

		2023)		2022)
	Shares		Amount	Shares		Amount
Authorized Common "C", P500 par value	250,000	P	125,000,000	250,000	₽	125,000,000
Issued and fully paid:						
Balance, January 1 Issuances	500 53,200	P	250,000 26,600,000	500	P	250,000
Balance, December					*****	
31	53,700	P	26,850,000	500	P	250,000

Common "C" shares carry one (1) vote per share and right to dividends.

In December 31, 2023, 53,200 common "C" shares amounting to P26,600,000 were issued by the Company.

20.02 Preferred Shares

Shown below are the details of preferred shares in both years:

	20)23		2022				
	Shares	The Control of Control	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Authorized, issued and fully paid:		And the second s						
P10 par value	1,116,000	P	11,160,000	1,116,000 P	11,160,000			

The Company's preferred shares are classified as founders' shares.

Preferred shares are non-voting and are entitled to dividends to be paid from the unrestricted retained earnings at pro-rata basis with the common stock based on their par values.

The preferred shares shall be participating and shall share with the common voting stock in the distribution of any residual dividends at pro-rata basis with the common stock based on their par values.

They shall have preference in the distribution of the assets of the Company in the event of liquidation.

20.03 Additional Paid-in Capital

In a special meeting held on June 5, 2020, the Board of Directors approved the filing of the registration statement and listing of securities with the SEC. On December 27, 2022, SEC approved the Company's Registration Statement and issued a Certificate of Permit to Offer Securities for Sale consisting of 2,296,000 shares covered under SEC MSRD Order No. 93 series of 2022.

The shares are broken down as follows:

	
930,000 founder's shares	With par value of P50.00 per share
250,000 common shares	With par value of P50.00, and equivalent to 3,125 blocks or 80 shares per block at an offer price of P270,000.00.
1,116,000 founder's shares 2,296,000 shares	With par value of P100.00 per share
	shares 250,000 common shares 1,116,000

Additional paid-in capital amounting to P152,950,000 as of December 31, 2023 pertains to amount invested by the Company's stockholders which exceeded the par value of its ordinary shares.

21. REVENUE - net

The Company's revenues are as follows:

	2023	2022	2021
Sale of medical services			
Laboratory	P 75,189,188 P	1,534,960	2 _
Special service units	71,829,840	1,498,208	**
Central sterile supply			
department	47,668,569	735,867	-
Radiology	38,754,783	351,650	~
Room and board	30,466,074	-	•
Hemodialysis	24,042,857	-	~
Pulmonary	14,690,135	120,320	-
Nursing service charge	13,117,360	76,108	-
Cardiology	10,992,232	89,760	•
Dietary	8,593,719	182,245	-
Sonology	5,918,690	92,210	•
PT Rehab	3,385,141	7,757	-
EEG/EMG	406,150	-	~
Diabetes Center	293,440	1,310	-
Other hospital fees	8,811,254	167,425	-
	354,159,432	4,857,820	-
Sales discounts	(31,774,855)	(378,118)	_
	322,384,577	4,479,702	-
Sale of goods			
Pharmacy	88,796,212	1,747,494	in the second se
	P 411,180,789 P	6,227,196 F	_

Sales discounts pertain to discount given to senior citizens and persons with disabilities (PWDs).

Other hospital fees pertain to medical certificates, medical record fees and other billable fees.

22. DIRECT COSTS

The following is the composition of the Company's direct costs:

	A COMMON	2023		2022		2021
Cost of services (Note 22.01) Cost of goods sold	reference de descripción de la constitución de la c	230,521,096	₽	13,484,217	₽	-
(Note 22.02)		41,814,381	**************************************	1966		-
	P	272,335,477	P	13,484,217	P	-

22.01 Cost of Services

	2023	2022	2021
Salaries and wages			
(Note 25)	73,927,219 P	5,850,017	P -
Central sterile supply	On the state of th		
department	43,599,253	4,794,474	-
Doctor's fee	28,500,162	•	•
Depreciation (Notes 10)	27,539,841	••	-
Laboratory	21,884,995	•	-
Reader's fee	14,428,678	<u></u>	-
Dietary	10,120,880	75,726	-
SSS, PhilHealth and			
HDMF premium			
(Note 25)	5,587,322	372,555	**
Hospital supplies (Note 8)	1,937,918	2,312,822	-
Radiology	1,311,645	***	•
Instrument fee	936,090	-	-
Pulmonary	747,093		-
Miscellaneous	-	78,623	-
P	230,521,096 F	13,484,217	₽ -

Doctor's fee pertains to professional fees paid to doctors for medical services provided to the Company's patients.

22.02 Cost of Goods Sold

The Company's cost of goods sold pertains to medicines in the pharmacy sold to customers, as disclosed in Note 8. Details of the computation are as follows:

		2023	2022		2021
Inventories, January 1 Purchases	P	- ₽ 57,483,257	** **	₽	-
Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31		57,483,257	-		-
(Note 8)		(15,668,876)	**		***
	P	41,814,381 P	•	₽	_

23. OTHER INCOME

Details of the Company's other income are as follows:

		2023	2022	2021
Rental (Note 28)	P	1,331,293 ₽	- P	*
Finance income (Note 6)	The delice of	237,488	12,204	71,526
Others		6,808,997	-	_
	3	8,377,778 P	12,204 P	71,526

Others pertain to sales from cafeteria and unused claims from PhilHealth.

24. OPERATING EXPENSES

The account is composed of the following expenses:

Management fee	P	2023	2022	2021
~	P	F 19		
~ · · ·		32,858,050	P -	P .
Salaries and wages	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
(Note 25)	200	27,178,233	13,382,556	72,000
Utilities	200 A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	17,802,577	2,602,583	•
Transportation and travel	CORPORATE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDR	12,236,384	-	••
Depreciation	of the control of			
(Notes 10 and 11)	No. of the Control of	6,481,968	-	*
Janitorial	2000	5,545,284	*	-
Security	The section of the	4,188,133	-	•
Office supplies	Section trains	3,973,863	116,412	-
Bank charge		2,778,355	-	**
SSS, PhilHealth and	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			
HDMF premium	Section 2			
(Note 25)	The second secon	2,233,668	370,008	-
Repairs and maintenance	articles of the second	2,001,577	-	···
Taxes and licenses	Contraction of the Contraction o	1,277,947	2,859,500	1,701,290
Marketing	The state of the s	1,221,060	120,500	•
Trainings and seminars		841,053	₩	-
Insurance	and the second	834,503	-	289,475
Representation	0.000	713,250	41,562	
Professional fees	West and the second	678,956	1,841,188	80,070
Housekeeping	AND	663,221	-	*
Communication	Orange Contraction	626,844	-	₩-
Rentals	October 10	585,328		
Amortization (Note 12)	A CONTRACTOR	223,214	-	•
Meals	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	258,525	-	***
Fuel and oil		241,428	-	_
Donations		221,745	-	-
Postage	220020000000000000000000000000000000000	111,337	-	-
Membership fee	and the second	69,357	***	**
Penalties	Wilderson and Control of the Control	14,179	113,771	-
Website costs	Transformacy Transformacy	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	95,223
Loan related fees	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	-	-	183,333
Miscellaneous	Chicago de la companya de la company	5,445,381	97,199	16,863
	Р	131,305,420	P 21,545,279	P 2,438,254

Management fee pertain to expenses incurred by the Company with its key officers.

Utilities pertain to electricity and water expenses incurred by the Company.

Rentals pertain to the lease of various hospital equipment incurred by the Company.

Miscellaneous expense pertains to garbage and pest control expenses incurred by the Company

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

25.01 Short-term Employee Benefits

Total short-term employee benefits include:

						
	and the second of the second o	2023	···	2022		2021
Direct Costs (Note 22) Salaries and wages SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF		73,927,219	P	5,850,017	₽	-
premium	or o	5,587,322		372,555		
	Cherrente	79,514,541		6,222,572		-
Operating Expenses (Note 24) Salaries and wages SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF	skiederfelle von von der der gestellt eine der gegen der er gegen der gegen der der gegen der der gegen de	27,178,233		13,382,556		72,000
premium	A Company	2,233,668		370,008		-
		29,411,901		13,752,564	~~~~~	72,000
	P	108,926,442	Þ	19,975,136	P	72,000

26. INCOME TAXES

26.01 Income Tax Recognized in Profit or Loss

A numerical reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting loss multiplied by the tax rate in 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

		2023	2022	2021
Accounting loss	P	(12,183,170) ₽	(33,292,189) P	(2,366,728)
Tax benefit at 25% Tax effects of:	Proposition of the Control of the Co	(3,045,793)	(8,323,047)	(591,682)
Unrecognized DTA from NOLCO Unrecognized DTA from	edikotherien eteratakopajojojojojojojojoj	3,025,112	8,296,893	513,389
MCIT		2,204,784	-	~
Unrecognized DTA due to PFRS 16 Non-deductible donation		37,333	-	-
Non-deductible finance		27,877	-	•
cost Non-deductible		14,843	763	-
expenses Finance income			28,443	96,175
subjected to final tax		(59,372)	(3,051)	(17,882)
	Р	2,204,784 P	- P	-

The Company's NOLCO in 2022 and 2023 are as follows:

Year Incurred	1	Amount		Applied Previous Year	11	Applied Current Year		Expired		Unapplied	Expiry Date
2022	P	33,187,571	₽	-	Þ	-	Þ	-	₽	33,187,571	2025
2023		12,100,448		-		_		*		12,100,448	2026
	P	45,288,019	Þ	-	P	**	p	•	P	45,288,019	

Details of NOLCO covered by Revenue Regulation No. 25-2020 are as follows:

Year Incurred		Amount	*******	Applied Previous Year		Applied Current Year		Expired		Unapplied	Expiry Date
2020	₽	4,377,308	P	-	P	-	P	•	P	4,377,308	2025
2021		2,053,556		-		<u>~</u>				2,053,556	2026
	p	6,430,864	P		P	•	P	•	p	6,430,864	

The Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) has recently issued Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 25-2020 to inform all concerned on the longer period for claiming NOLCO from taxable years 2020 and 2021.

Pursuant to Section 4 (bbb) of Bayanihan II and as implemented under RR No. 25-2020, the net operating losses of a business or enterprise incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next five (5) consecutive taxable years following the year of such loss. Ordinarily, NOLCO can be carried over as deduction from gross income for the next three (3) consecutive years only.

Details of MCIT are as follows:

Year Incurred		Amount		oplied evious Year	Cui	plied rrent ear	Ext	oired		Unapplied	Expiry Date
2023	p	2,204,784	P		P	_	Þ	-	þ	2,204,784	2026

27. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

The components of the Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets and their respective movements are as follows:

		NOLCO		MCIT		ffect of PFRS 16		Total
Balance at January 1, 2022 Unrecognized in profit or loss	P	2,055,033 7,849,575	₽		P		P	2,055,033 7,849,575
Balance at December 31, 2022 Unrecognized in profit or loss		9,904,609 3,025,112	***********	2,204,784	,	- 37,333		9,904,609 5,267,229
Balance at December 31, 2023	P	12,929,721	p	2,204,784	þ	37,333	p	15,171,838

In both years, Management believed that it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of its deferred tax assets to be utilized prior to expiration, thus, the Company did not recognize its deferred tax assets.

28. LEASE AGREEMENT

28.01 The Company as a Lessee

28.01.01 Lease Payments Recognized as Lease Liabilities

The Company's lease pertain to leases of parking space. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is reflected on the statements of financial position as right-of-use asset and lease liability. The Company presents its right-of-use asset as a separate line item on the statements of financial position.

28.01.01.01 Project 45 Ventures Corporation

The Company leased a parking space located at 278 Susano Road, Brgy. Camarin, Caloocan City. The monthly rental fee shall be P300,000. The leased asset has lease term of three (3) years starting January 1,2023 up to December 31, 2025.

Security deposit amounted to P600,000 and nil as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of right-of-use asset and lease liabilities amounted P6,722,254 and P8,403,411, respectively, as disclosed in Notes 11 and 17.

28.02 The Company as a Lessor

Operating leases relate to the office space located in the ground floor of the building owned by the Company, which are leased out to third parties, with lease terms of between one (1) to three (3) years starting January 1, 2023 up to December 31, 2025, with escalation rate of five percent (5%). The lease contract is renewable upon mutual agreement of both parties.

The rental income earned by the Company from its office space, all of which is leased out under operating leases, amounted to P1,331,293, nil and nil, in 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as disclosed in Note 23.

29. LOSS PER SHARE

The Company's results of operation in 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to a loss of P14,387,954, P33,292,189 and P2,366,728. Accordingly, the Company's loss per share in December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 amounted to P14.63, P35.80 and P2.54, respectively.

The loss and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of loss per share are as follows:

		2023		2022		2021
Loss used in the calculation of total loss per share	Р	(14,387,954)	P	(33,292,189)	P	(2,366,728)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes						
of loss per share		983,200		930,000		930,208

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for 2023, 2022 and 2021 used for the purposes of loss per share is computed as follows:

	Number of Ordinary Shares	Proportion to Period	Weighted Average	Total
December 31, 2023				
Outstanding shares at the beginning and end of the period	930,000	12/12	930,000	930,000
Issuance of shares during the period and outstanding at the end of the period	53,200	12/12	53,200	53,200
December 31, 2022				
Outstanding shares at the beginning and end of the period	930,000	12/12	930,000	930,000
December 31, 2021				
Outstanding shares at the beginning and end of the period	930,000	12/12	930,000	930,000
Issuance of shares during the period and outstanding at the end of the period	500	5/12	208	208

The Company did not have any potential dilutive instruments as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

30. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The carrying amounts and estimated fair values of the Company's financial asset and financial liabilities as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are presented below:

		2		***************************************	2022				
		Carrying Amount		Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
Financial Assets:		Activations and a second secon							
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Security deposit	Þ	32,449,597 59,011,162 600,000	Þ	32,449,597 59,011,162 600,000	₽	15,741,543 481,112 -	₽	15,741,543 481,112 -	
	p	92,060,759	P	92,060,759	₽	16,222,655	Þ	16,222,655	
Financial Liabilities:		And the state of t							
Trade and other payables Accrued finance cost Advances from stockholders Loans payable Retention payable Lease liability	Þ	143,124,409 2,246,503 36,965,345 398,200,000 46,322,357 8,403,411	P	143,124,409 2,246,503 36,965,345 398,200,000 46,322,357 8,403,411	₽	20,543,815 4,502,093 189,285,630 399,200,000 46,322,357	₽	20,543,815 4,502,093 189,285,630 399,200,000 46,322,357	
	Þ	635,262,025	p	635,262,025	P	659,853,895	₽	659,853,895	

The fair values of financial asset and liabilities are determined as follows:

- Due to the short-term nature of cash in banks and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, security deposit, trade and other payables (except due to government agencies), accrued finance cost, advances from stockholders and retention payable, the carrying amount approximate their fair values.
- Loans payable bears market interest rate, hence, the fair value of these loans payable is equal to its carrying value.
- The Company measures its lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using market rate. Management believes that fair value approximates amortized cost.

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Management function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risks including interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimize the effects of these risks through appropriate dedicated investment planning aimed to reduce risk exposure. These parameters include monitoring cash flows and investigation of counterparty's credit quality. Compliance with policies and exposure limits are reviewed by the Management on a continuous basis.

Management reports quarterly to monitor the risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

31.01 Market Risk Management

31.01.01 Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises from its cash deposits in banks and advances from stockholders which are subject to variable interest rates.

The interest rate risk arising from deposits with banks is managed by means of effective investment planning and analysis and maximizing investment opportunities in various local banks and financial institutions.

Losses for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 would have been unaffected since the Company's interest rate risk exposure for its cash in banks and advances from stockholders, which is subject to interest rate, is very immaterial.

31.02 Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risks from cash in banks and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and security deposit.

The Company considers the following policies to manage its credit risk:

Cash in Banks and Cash Equivalents

The Company transacts only to banks with investment grade credit rating. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies. The Company uses other publicly available information such as annual report to monitor the financial status of the banks. The Company assesses the current and forecast information of the banking industry and the macro-economic factors such as GDP, interest and inflation rates to determine the possible impact to banks.

Trade and Other Receivables

The Company transacts with numerous patients with different financial capacities. It is the Company's policy to perform appropriate initial medical treatment to all new patients in emergency or serious cases to comply with the existing law. Moreover, in situations other than emergency and serious cases, it is the Company's policy that patients shall undergo background investigation. The Company assesses the creditworthiness of each recurring patients before the Company's performance of services. The Company's performance of services shall be approved by the Management. The Company assesses the current and forecast information of the clients' industry and the macro-economic factors such as GDP, interest, and inflation to determine the possible impact to clients.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	P 26,510,267 P	15,741,543
Trade and other receivables	59,011,162	481,112
Security deposit	600,000	
	P 86,121,429 P	16,222,655

The calculation of allowance for expected credit losses are based on the following three (3) components:

Probability of Default (PD)

PD is the likelihood over a specified period, usually one year that a client will not be able to make scheduled repayments. PD depends not only on the client's characteristics, but, also on the economic environment. PD may be estimated using historical data and statistical techniques.

Loss Given Default (LGD)

LGD is the amount of money a company loses when a client defaults on a contract. The most frequently used method to calculate this loss is by comparing the actual total losses and the total amount of potential exposure sustained at the time that a contract goes into default.

Exposure at Default (EAD)

EAD is the total value a company is exposed to when a loan default. It refers to the gross carrying amount of financial asset.

Below is the summary of computation of allowance for expected credit losses in 2023 and 2022:

	PD rate a	LGD rate b		EAD c		ECL d=a*b*c
December 31, 2023 Cash in banks and cash equivalents Trade and other	0.00%	0.00% to 82.42%	P	26,510,267	P	-
receivables Security deposit	0.00% 0,00%	100.00% 100.00%		59,011,162 600,000		-
			P	86,121,429	p	*
	PD rate a	LGD rate b		EAD c		ECL d=a*b*c
December 31, 2022 Cash in banks and cash equivalents Trade and other	0.00%	0.00% to 70.97%	P	15,741,543	P	-
receivables	0.00%	100.00%		481,112		_
			Þ	16,222,655	Þ	-

Cash in Banks and Cash Equivalents

The Company determined the probability of default rate by considering the following: the credit ratings; the past, current, and forecast performance of Banking Industry; the past, current, and forecast macro-economic factors that may affect the banks; and the current and projected financial information. The Company estimated the probability of default to be nil in 2023 and 2022.

Loss given default rate is calculated by taking into consideration the amount of insured deposit and estimated it to be 0.00% to 82.42% and 0.00% to 70.97% in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Exposure at default is equal to the gross carrying amount of cash in banks and cash equivalents.

Trade and Other Receivables

The Company determined the probability of default rate by considering the following: the schedules of trade and other receivables for the past five years; the past, current, and forecast performance of each client's industry; and the past, current, and forecast macro-economic factors that may affect the Company's clients. The Company estimated the probability of default to be nil for its clients in both years.

Loss given default rate is 100.00% for all clients because the Company does not obtain collateral for these transactions.

Exposure at default is equal to the gross carrying amount of trade and other receivables.

Security Deposit

These financial assets represent 0.07% and nil of total financial assets in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Hence, Management believes that the effect of provision for expected credit loss is immaterial to the financial statements as a whole.

31.03 Liquidity Risk Management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate liquid assets in the form of cash through infusion and funding from its shareholders in order to meet the obligation to the creditors.

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period.

The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	9	On Demand		Within One (1) Year		More than One (1) Year to Five (5) Years		More than Five (5) Years		Total
December 31, 2023											
Trade and other payables		P		P	143,124,409	P	**	P	-	p	143,124,409
Advances from stockholders	*		36,965,345		•		-		**		36,965,345
Accrued finance cost			-		2,246,503		*		-		2,246,503
Loans payable	5.25% - 5.50%		•		53,000,000		154,000,000		191,200,000		398,200,000
Retention payable	-		**		46,322,357		*				46,322,357
Lease liability	5.38%		**		5,400,000		3,600,000				9,000,000
		P	36,965,345	p	250,093,269	Þ	157,600,000	þ	191,200,000	P	635,858,614
December 31, 2022							A Sy transmitted and a probability of the community of the condition of the extension for a community or a sing		pholograph menter menterus en		error error er
Trade and other payables	eritario altra en esta en activar esta en	P	n (in the second in the plant of the second contract of the second c	P	20,543,815	P		p-	terretinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis eritinistis 	···· P ····	20,543,815
Advances from stockholders	er fred de freme de contrata la comunita que un militar que un que qui que que proportio de confraça de frança Ha		189,285,630	i grandina wa mana	ette til servere til frette frem det kredet til vid stat mennetangen se flatte och statet, jog og og og statet Kredet frem til se t	A Director Alphanescus (A) Programmy and Alphanescus (A)	a de sente de la China de la collectiva de come de collectiva de communicación, e aplicate, applicate o pay especie o mente de de la collectiva de la collectiva de communicación de collectiva de la collectiva de	principal de la colore de la co	e de calabra por la primera de la compressión de la compressión de la compressión de la compressión de la comp La compressión de la compressión de la La compressión de la	r verit ein umle en regnes relecter gesterneites von	189,285,630
Accrued finance cost	•		-		4,502,093		**		-		4,502,093
Loans payable	5.25% - 5.50%		-		27,000,000		180,000,000		192,200,000		399,200,000
Retention payable					46,322,357			***	·		46,322,357
		₽	189,285,630	Þ	98,368,265	Þ	180,000,000	₽	191,200,000	₽	659,853,89

The following table details the Company's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial asset. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial asset including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial asset is necessary in order to understand the Company's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	On Demand		Within One (1) Year		One (1) – Five (5) Years		Total
December 31, 2023		day dispose							
Cash on hand	w.	P	5,939,330	P	***	Þ		P	5,939,330
Cash in banks and cash equivalents Trade and other	floating rates	ar Contraction of the Contractio	26,510,267		-		~		26,510,267
receivables	-	STATE OF THE PARTY	-		59,011,162		-		58,684,575
Security deposit	18	- Carrent Carr	-		*		600,000		600,000
		P	32,449,597	p	59,011,162	Р	600,000	P	91,734,172
December 31, 2022		CONTRACTOR							
	floating								
Cash in banks	rates	₽	15,741,543	₽	*	₽	~	₽	15,741,543
Trade and other receivables	_	the state of the s	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR		481,112		*	,	481,112
		₽	15,741,543	ρ	481,112	₽	-	ρ	16,222,655

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial asset is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Management manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from the previous reporting period.

Pursuant to Section 42 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, stock corporations are prohibited from retaining surplus plus profits in excess of 100% of their paid-in capital stock, except: 1) when justified by definite corporate expansion projects or programs approved by the board of directors; or 2) when the corporation is prohibited under any loan agreement with any financial institution or creditor, whether local or foreign, from declaring dividends without its/his consent, and such consent has not yet been secured; or 3) when it can be clearly shown that such retention is necessary under special circumstances obtaining in the corporation, such as when there is a need for special reserve for probable contingencies. As of the reporting period, the Company is compliant with this agreement.

The Company's BOD reviews the capital structure of the Company on an annual basis. As part of this review, the committee considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The gearing ratios at end of the reporting periods are as follows:

		2023	2022
Debt	P	639,094,776 P	661,349,386
Cash		(32,449,597)	(15,741,543)
Net debt		606,645,179	645,607,843
Equity		171,447,410	6,285,364
Net debt to equity ratio		3.54:1	102.72:1

33. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

The Company entered into non-cash investing and financing activities which are not reflected in the statements of cash flows includes the following:

- In 2023, the company recognized right-of-use asset and lease liability amounting to P10,083,381.
- In 2022, finance cost capitalized as part of construction-in-progress amounted P15,956,025, as disclosed in Notes 10 and 16.
- Transfer from advances to contractors in 2023 and 2022 amounted to nil and P135,020,033, respectively, as disclosed in Note 10.
- Recoupment of advance payment bonds in 2023 and 2022 amounting to nil and P19,022,052, respectively, as disclosed in Note 10.

34. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities is as follows:

CONTROL CONTRO		2023	2022
Balance, January 1	P	592,987,723 P	491,461,967
Changes from financing cash flows:			
Finance cost incurred		28,100,840	20,458,118
Recognition of lease liability		10,083,381	······································
Advances received from stockholders		-	61,918,663
Proceeds from borrowings		-	39,200,000
Finance cost paid on lease liability		(120,030)	
Payment of loans		(1,000,000)	
Payment of lease liability		(1,679,970)	w-
Finance cost paid on loans		(29,968,225)	(20,051,025)
Payments of advances from			
stockholders		(152,320,285)	*
Balance, December 31	P	446,083,434 P	592,987,723

35. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on April 4, 2024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION UNDER REVENUE REGULATIONS NO. 15 - 2010 36.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) released revenue regulations dated November 25, 2010 amending Revenue Regulations No. 21-2002 setting forth additional disclosures on Notes to Financial Statements. Below are the disclosures required by the said Regulations:

36.01 Taxes and Licenses Paid or Accrued

The details of the Company's taxes and licenses fees paid or accrued in 2023 are as follows:

36.01.01 Output VAT

The Company is vat-registered with an output tax declaration of P42,348 for the year based on the amount reflected in the revenue.

The Company has zero-rated sales amounting to P6,976,512. The Company has exempt sales amounting to P442,085,276.

36.01.02 Input VAT

An analysis of the Company's input VAT during the year is as follows:

Balance, January 1	₽	50,727,801
Current year's domestic purchases/payments for:		
Goods for resale/manufacture or further processing		14,716,017
Applied against output VAT		(42,348)
Balance, December 31	P	65,401,470

JOIOTIOS OTHER TAXES AND LICENSES		
The Company's other taxes and licenses pertain to the follo	wing:	
Permits	P	509,210
Real property tax		473,314
Documentary stamp tax		266,000
Residence or community tax		2,281
Others	***************************************	27,142
	P	1,277,947
36.01.04 Withholding Taxes		
Withholding tax on compensation and benefits	P	13,667,277
Expanded withholding taxes		125,603
	P	13,792,880

37. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION UNDER REVENUE REGULATIONS NO. 19-2011

Pursuant to Section 244 in relation to Section 6(H) of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997 (Tax Code), as amended, these Regulations are prescribed to revise BIR Form 1702 setting forth the following schedules. Below are the disclosures required by the said Regulations:

37.01 Revenue

Sale of services

The analyses of the Company's revenues for the taxable year are as follows:

Sales discounts	Sale of goods		88,796,212
P 411,180,789			442,955,644
The following is an analysis of the Company's cost of services for the taxable year: Cost of services	Sales discounts		(31,774,855)
Cost of services		P	411,180,789
Cost of services P 230,521,096 Cost of goods sold 41,814,381 P 272,335,477 37.02.01 Cost of Services Salaries and wages P 73,927,219 Central sterile supply department 43,599,253 Doctor's fee 28,500,162 Depreciation 27,539,841 Laboratory 21,884,995 Reader's fee 14,428,678 Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhillHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale 57,483,257 Inventories, December 31 (15,668,876)	37.02 Direct Cost		
Cost of goods sold	The following is an analysis of the Company's cost of	f services for the ta	axable year:
P 272,335,477	Cost of services	P	230,521,096
Salaries and wages	Cost of goods sold		41,814,381
P 73,927,219		P	272,335,477
Central sterile supply department 43,599,253 Doctor's fee 28,500,162 Depreciation 27,539,841 Laboratory 21,884,995 Reader's fee 14,428,678 Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold P Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 Inventories, December 31 15,668,876)	37.02.01 Cost of Services		
Doctor's fee 28,500,162 Depreciation 27,539,841 Laboratory 21,884,995 Reader's fee 14,428,678 Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Salaries and wages	P	73,927,219
Depreciation	Central sterile supply department		43,599,253
Laboratory 21,884,995 Reader's fee 14,428,678 Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold P Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257	Doctor's fee		28,500,162
Reader's fee 14,428,678 Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold P Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Depreciation		27,539,841
Dietary 10,120,880 SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium 5,587,322 Hospital supplies 1,937,918 Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold P Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Laboratory		21,884,995
SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium	Reader's fee		14,428,678
Hospital supplies Radiology Instrument fee Pulmonary P 230,521,096 Inventories, January 1 Purchases Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 1,937,918 1,311,645 936,090 747,093 P 230,521,096 P	Dietary		10,120,880
Radiology 1,311,645 Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium		5,587,322
Instrument fee 936,090 Pulmonary 747,093 P 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold Inventories, January 1 Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 (15,668,876)	Hospital supplies		1,937,918
Pulmonary 747,093 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold Inventories, January 1 P Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Radiology		1,311,645
### 230,521,096 37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold	Instrument fee		936,090
37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold Inventories, January 1 P - Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Pulmonary		747,093
Inventories, January 1 Purchases Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 P 57,483,257 57,483,257 (15,668,876)		P	230,521,096
Purchases 57,483,257 Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257	37.02.02 Cost of Goods Sold		
Cost of goods available for sale Inventories, December 31 57,483,257 (15,668,876)	Inventories, January 1	þ	
Inventories, December 31 (15,668,876)	Purchases		57,483,257
Inventories, December 31 (15,668,876)	Cost of goods available for sale		57,483,257
P 41,814,381			
1) X 11		P	41,814,381

354,159,432

37.03 Taxable Other Income

Details of the Company's taxable other income are as follows:

Rental Others		ł	2	1,331,293 6,808,997
			P	8,140,290

37.04 Itemized Deductions

The following is an analysis of the Company's itemized deductions for the taxable year:

Management fee	P	32,858,050
Finance cost on loans		27,653,263
Salaries and wages		27,178,233
Utilities		17,802,577
Transportation and travel		12,236,384
Janitorial		5,545,284
Security		4,188,133
Rentals		4,185,328
Office supplies		3,973,863
Depreciation		3,120,841
Bank charge		2,778,355
SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF premium		2,233,668
Repairs and maintenance		2,001,577
Taxes and licenses		1,277,947
Marketing		1,221,060
Trainings and seminars		841,053
Insurance		834,503
Representation		713,250
Professional fees		678,956
Housekeeping		663,221
Communication		626,844
Meals		258,525
Fuel and oil		241,428
Amortization		223,214
Postage		111,337
Donations		110,239
Membership fee		69,357
Penalties		14,179
Miscellaneous		5,445,381
	P	159,086,050

37.05 Reconciliation on Effect of PFRS 16

TO STOCK AND ADDITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P		Per PFRS		Effect of Adoption of PFRS 16		Per Tax Code
Depreciation expense from: Property and equipment Right-of-use assets	P	30,660,682 3,361,127	P	30,660,682 (3,361,127)	P	30,660,682
Finance cost from Lease liabilities		388,205		(388,205)		-
Rental paid		3,600,000		3,600,000		3,600,000

37.06 Reconciliation of Limit on Finance Cost Deductibility

	endersteller i delende betrette for de endersteller i de endersteller i delende de endersteller i de endersteller i delende	THE	Deductible amount per PFRS		Unallowed deductible per BIR limit	Deductible amount per ITR
Finance cost	Annual depth Autor	Р	27,712,635	₽	(59,372) P	27,653,263

PKF R.S. Bernaldo & Associates



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO ACCOMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)

#1 Camarin Road, Brgy. 172

Camarin, Caloocan City

We have audited the financial statements of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.** for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2023 on which we have rendered the attached report dated April 4, 2024.

In compliance with Revenue Regulation V-20, we are stating that no partner of our Firm is related by consanguinity or affinity to the president, manager or principal stockholders of the Company.

R.S. BERNALDO & ASSOCIATES

BOA/PRC No. 0300
Valid until May 28, 2024
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-BSP
Valid until 2026 audit period
BIR Accreditation No. 08-007679-000-2023
Valid from January 31, 2023 until January 30, 2026
IC Group A Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-IC
Valid until 2026 audit period

MARVIN G GARCIA

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 102934
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 102934-BSF

Accreditation No. 102934-BSP

Valid until 2025 audit period

BIR Accreditation No. 08-008060-001-2022

Valid from April 11, 2022 until April 10, 2025 Tax Identification No. 214-290-691

IC Accreditation No. 102934-IC

Valid until 2024 audit period

PTR No. 10081201

Issued on January 9, 2024 at Makati City

April 4, 2024

BOA /PRC No. 0300 • BIR Accredited • SEC Group A Accredited • BSP Group B Accredited • IC Accredited 18/F Cityland Condominium 10 Tower 1, 156 H.V. dela Costa Street, Ayala North, Makati City, Philippines 1226 Tel: +632 8812-1718 to 22 Email: rsbassoc@pkfrsbernaldo.com www.pkfrsbernaldo.com

R.S. Bernaldo & Associates is a member firm of the PKF International Limited family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firm or firms.

PKF R.S. Bernaldo & Associates



REPORT ON THE SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)

#1 Camarin Road, Brgy. 172, Camarin
Caloocan City

We have issued our report dated April 4, 2024 on the basic financial statements of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES**, **INC**. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES**, **INC**. taken as a whole. The information in the supplementary schedules as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 which is not a required part of the financial statements, is required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is the responsibility of the Management of **OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES**, **INC**. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

R.S. BERNALDO & ASSOCIATES

BOA/PRC No. 0300
Valid until May 28, 2024
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-BSP
Valid until 2026 audit period
BIR Accreditation No. 08-007679-000-2023
Valid from January 31, 2023 until January 30, 2026
IC Group A Accredited
Accreditation No. 0300-IC
Valid until 2026 audit period

MARVIN G GARCIA

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 102934
BSP Group B Accredited
Accreditation No. 102934-BSP
Valid until 2025 audit period
BIR Accreditation No. 08-008060-001-2022
Valid from April 11, 2022 until April 10, 2025
Tax Identification No. 214-290-691
IC Accreditation No. 102934-IC
Valid until 2024 audit period
PTR No. 10081201
Issued on January 9, 2024 at Makati City

April 4, 2024

BOA /PRC No. 0300 • BIR Accredited • SEC Group A Accredited • BSP Group B Accredited • IC Accredited 18/F Cityland Condominium 10 Tower 1, 156 H.V. dela Costa Street, Ayala North , Makati City, Philippines 1226

Tel: +632 8812-1718 to 22 Email: rsbassoc@pkfrsbernaldo.com www.pkfrsbernaldo.com

R.S. Bernaldo & Associates is a member firm of the PKF International Limited family of legally independent firms and does not accept any responsibility or liability for the actions or inactions of any individual member or correspondent firm or firms.

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS) INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES DECEMBER 31, 2023

Schedule	Content	Page No.
Part 1	Schedule of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration (Part 1 4C, Annex 68 - D)	2
Part 2	and the second s	
Α	Financial Assets	3
	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees,	
В	Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than	4
	Affiliates)	
С	Receivable from Related Parties Eliminated during the	5
C	Consolidation of Financial Statements	5
D	Intangible Asset	6
E	Long-Term Debt	7
p	Indebtedness to Related Parties (included in the	0
F	statement of financial position)	8
G	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	9
Н	Capital Stock	10
Other Red	quired Information	
	Schodula of Einanaial Soundhass Indicators (Part 1 1E)	11 12

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

As of December 31, 2023

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning of reporting period (see Footnote 2)		51,624,636.00
Add: Category A: Items that are directly credited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings Reversal of Retained Earnings Appropriation/s Effect of restatements of prior-period adjustments Others (describe nature) Sub-total		-
Less: Category B: Items that are directly debited to Unappropriated Retained Earnings Dividend declaration during the reporting period Retained Earnings appropriated during the reporting period Effect of restatements of prior-period adjustments Others (describe nature) Sub-total	All constants and all a few views when	
Unappropriated Retained Earnings, as adjusted Add/Less: Net Income (Loss) for the current year		51,624,636.00 14,387,954.00
Less: Category C.1: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the reporting period (net of tax) Equity in net income of associate/joint venture, net of dividends declared Unrealized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents Unrealized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Unrealized fair value gain of investment property Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS (describe nature) Sub-total	**************************************	
		40
Add: Category C.2: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss in prior reporting periods but realized in the current reporting period (net of tax) Realized foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents but realized in the current reporting period (net of tax) Realized fair value adjustment (mark-to-market gains) of financial instrumeths at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Realized fair value gain of investment property Other realized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS (describe nature)		
Add: Category C.3: Unrealized income recognized in profit or loss in prior periods but reversed in the current reporting period (net of tax) Reversal of previously recorded foreign exchange gain, except those attributable to cash and cash equivalents Reversal of previously recorded fair value adjustment financial instruments at fair value through profit or Reversal of previously recorded fair value gain of Investment Property Reversal of other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS, previously recorded (describe nature) Sub-total Adjusted Net Income/Loss		66,012,590.00
Add: <u>Category D</u> : Non-actual losses recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period (net of t Depreciation on revaluation increment (after tax) Sub-total	ax) 	•

Add/Less: Category E: Adjustments related to relief granted by the SEC and BSP (see Footnote 3)

Amortization of the effect of reporting relief
Total amount of reporting relief granted during the year
Others (describe nature)
Sub-total

Add/Less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from the determination of the amount of available for dividends distribution

Net movement of treasury shares (except for reacquisition of redeemable shares)
Net movement of deferred tax asset not considered in the reconciling items
under the previous categories

Net movement in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liabilities related to same transaction, e.g., set up of right of use asset and lease liability, set-up of asset and asset retirement obligation, and set-up of service concession asset and concession payable

Adjustment due to deviation from PFRS/GAAP - gain (loss)

Others (describe nature)

Sub-total

Total Retained Earnings, end of the reporting period available for dividend

66,012,590.00

FOOTNOTES

- (1) The amount of retained earnings of a company shouldbe based on its separate ("stand-alone") audited financial statements.
- (2) Unappropriated Retained Earnings, beginning of reporting period refers to the ending balance as reported in the "Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declation" of the immediatedly preceding period.
- (3) Adjustments related to the relief provided by the SEC and BSP pertan to accounting relief (e.g. losses that are reported on a staggered basis) granted by the regulators. However, these are actual losses sustained by the Company and must be adjusted in the reconciliation to reflect the actual distributable amount.
- (4) This Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Availble for Dividend Declaration in pursuant to Sec. 42 of the Revised Corporation Code, which prohibits stock corporations to retain surplus profits in excess of one hundred (100%) percent of their paid-in capital and their power to declare dividends. However, this Reconciliation of Retained Earnings should not be used by the REIT companies as a basis to determine the amount of its distributable income or dividends to its shareholders. The determination of its distributable income should be in accordance with the REIT Act and Implementing Rules and Regulations.

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.
(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN HOSPITAL)
Schedule A – Financial Assets
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity and association of each issue	Number of shares or principal amount of bonds or notes	Amount shown on the balance sheet	Income accrued			
None to Report						

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN HOSPITAL)
Schedule B - Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of Debtor	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Amounts Collected	Amounts Written-off	Current	Non- Current	Balance at end of period
			None to Report				

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.
(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS)
Schedule C - Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are eliminated during the consolidation of financial statements
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Related Parties	Balance at beginning of	Amount/	Amounts	Outstanding		
	period	Volume	Collected	Balances		
None to Report						

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS) Schedule D - Intangible Asset DECEMBER 31, 2023

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions at Cost	Charged to cost and expenses	Charged to other accounts	Other changes additions (deductions)	Ending Balance
Hospital Information System	1,116,071		(223,214.00)	-	-	892,857

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.
(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS)
Schedule E - Long-Term Debt
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Title of issue and type of obligation	Amount authorized by indenture	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt' in related balance sheet	Amount shown under caption "Long-Term Debt" in related balance sheet	Interest Rate %	Maturity Date	Amount of Periodic Payment	Number of Periodic Payments
Loans payable	N/A	53,000,000.00	345,200,000.00	5.25% to 5.50%	July 14,2032	9,000,000.00	40 quarterly installment payments

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS)
Schedule F - Indebtedness to Related Parties
(Included in the Statement of Financial Position)
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of Related Parties		Balance at beginning of period	Balance at end of period
Member of Key Management Personnel	No.	189,285,630	36,965,345

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.

(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITAL)

Schedule G - Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers

DECEMBER 31, 2023

Name of issuing entity of securities guaranteed by the company for which this statement	Title of issue of each class of securities guaranteed	Total amount of guaranteed and outstanding	Amount owned by person of which statement is filed	Nature of guarantee		
is filed					ĺ	
None to Report						

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC.
(Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS)
Schedule H - Capital Stock
DECEMBER 31, 2023

Title of Issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under the related balance sheet caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	Number of shares held by related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common A - P50 par value	930,000	46,500,000	***	360,000	570,000	
Common B - P300 par value	155,000	46,500,000		Mary 1		
Common C - P500 par value	250,000	26,850,000			53,700	
Preferred shares P10	1,116,000	11,160,000	***	432,000	684,000	***

Schedule IV

OPTIMUM QUALITY HEALTH VENTURES, INC. (Doing Business Under the Name and Style of CAMARIN DOCTORS HOSPITALS) FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

A. SHORT-TERM LIQUIDITY RATIO		
CURRENT RATIO	0.68	0.23
Current Assets	197,479,957	66,950,456
Current Liabilities	288,835,618	289,149,386
WORKING CAPITAL TO ASSETS	(0.11)	(0.33)
(Current Assets - Current Liabilities)	(91,355,661)	(222 100 020)
Total Assets	810,542,186	(222,198,930) 667,634,750
B. LONG-TERM SOLVENCY		
	4.73	106.22
Total Asset	810,542,186	667,634,750
Stockholders' Equity	171,447,410	6,285,364
DEBT TO EQUITY	3.73	105.22
Total Liabilities	639,094,776	661,349,386
Stockholders' Equity	171,447,410	6,285,364
LONG-TERM DEBT TO EQUITY	2.32	63.51
Long-Term Debt	398,200,000	399,200,000
Stockholders' Equity	171,447,410	6,285,364
FIXED ASSETS TO EQUITY	3.53	95.39
(Fixed Assets - Accumulated Depreciation)	604,847,118	599,568,223
Stockholders' Equity	171,447,410	6,285,364
CREDITORS EQUITY TO TOTAL ASSETS	0.79	0.99
Total Liabilities	639,094,776	661,349,386
Total Assets	810,542,186	667,634,750
FIXED ASSETS TO LONG-TERM DEBT	1.52	1.50
(Fixed Assets - Accumulated Depreciation)	604,847,118	599,568,223
Long-Term Debt	398,200,000	399,200,000

C. RETURN ON INVESTMENTS		
RATE OF RETURN ON TOTAL ASSETS	(0.01)	(0.06)
Net Loss	(14,387,954)	(33,292,189)
Average Total Assets	1,144,359,561	586,115,938
RATE OF RETURN ON EQUITY	(0.16)	(1.45)
Net Loss	(14,387,954)	(33,292,189)
Average Stockholders' Equity	88,866,387	22,931,459
D. PROFITABILITY RATIOS	77.00	
GROSS PROFIT RATIO	0.34	(1.17)
Gross Income (Loss)	138,845,312	(7,257,021)
Revenue	411,180,789	6,227,196
OPERATING INCOME TO REVENUES	1.00	1.00
Income from Operations	411,180,789	6,227,196
Revenue	411,180,789	6,227,196
PRETAX LOSS TO REVENUES	(0.03)	(5.35)
Net Loss before tax	(12,183,170)	(33 303 190)
Revenue	411,180,789	(33,292,189) 6,227,196
NET INCOME TO COMMISSION INCOME	(0.03)	(5.35)
Net Loss before tax	(14,387,954)	(33,292,189)
Revenue	411,180,789	6,227,196
E. INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO		and the second s
INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO	0.57	6.39
Earnings Before Interest and Tax	15,917,670	28,790,096
Interest Expense	28,100,840	4,502,093